



**NOTICE OF THE MEETING OF
POLICE, FIRE and COMMUNITY SAFETY
SCRUTINY COMMITTEE**

**THURSDAY 14 NOVEMBER 2019, 2.00pm
COUNCIL CHAMBER, TOWN HOUSE, HADDINGTON**

Agenda of Business

Apologies

1. Minutes of meeting on 29 May 2019 for approval **(pages 1-8)**
2. Matters Arising
3. Appointment of Depute Convener to the Police, Fire and Community Safety Scrutiny Committee

Police Scotland

4. Police Scotland Scrutiny Report Quarter 2 – 2019/2020 **(pages 9-34)**
5. Police Scotland Contact Assessment Model

Scottish Fire and Rescue Service

6. Scottish Fire and Rescue Service, Local Plan Performance Report for East Lothian for 1 April - 30 September 2019 **(pages 35-58)**

East Lothian Council

7. Tackling Antisocial Behaviour **(pages 59-64)**

Other

8. Strategic Police Priorities: Scottish Government Consultation **(pages 65-70)**
9. Annual Work Programme 2019/20 **(page 71)**

**Angela Leitch
Chief Executive
John Muir House
Haddington**

7 November 2019



**NOTICE OF THE MEETING OF
POLICE, FIRE and COMMUNITY SAFETY SCRUTINY COMMITTEE**

**WEDNESDAY 29 MAY 2019
COUNCIL CHAMBER, TOWN HOUSE, HADDINGTON**

1

Committee Members Present:

Councillor L Bruce
Councillor J Findlay
Councillor N Gilbert
Councillor J Goodfellow (Convener)
Councillor J Henderson
Councillor C McGinn
Councillor K McLeod

Police Scotland

Chief Superintendent J McKenzie
Inspector A Harborow

East and Midlothian Scottish Fire and Rescue Service

Mr S Gourlay, Area Manager
Mr D Ward, Station Manager

Council Officials Present:

Mrs A Leitch, Chief Executive
Mr A McCrorie, Depute Chief Executive – Resources and People Services
Mr P Vestri, Service Manager – Corporate Policy
Mr D Oliver, Service Manager – Protective Services
Mr K Black, Manager - Safer Communities Team

Clerk:

Ms F Currie

Apologies:

Councillor F Dugdale

Declarations of Interest:

None

1. MINUTES OF MEETING OF 12 DECEMBER 2018

The Committee approved the minutes as a true record.

2. MATTERS ARISING

The following matters arising were discussed:

Rural Crime Action Plan – Inspector Andrew Harborow highlighted the Rural Crime Action Plan which had been shared with the Committee prior to the meeting. Chief Superintendent John McKenzie informed members that the Plan had been welcomed by a number of organisations including the National Farmers' Union (NFU). He added that it was a live document which was designed to address trending issues and to provide feedback to the national group.

Inspector Harborow responded to questions on enforcement of fly-tipping offences and poaching.

Derek Oliver, Service Manager – Protective Services, advised members that in relation to fly-tipping the clearance of rubbish from private land was the responsibility of the landowner and on public land it was the responsibility of the Council. However practical arrangements were in place to assist landowners with waste disposal.

The Convener welcomed the Plan as an excellent partnership initiative.

3. SCOTTISH FIRE AND RESCUE SERVICES, LOCAL PLAN PERFORMANCE REPORT FOR EAST LOTHIAN, 1 OCTOBER 2018 – 31 MARCH 2019

Prior to presenting his report Stephen Gourlay, SFRS Area Manager, introduced David Ward, Prevention & Protection Station Manager for East Lothian, and informed the members of the appointment of the new Chief Fire Officer and other changes within the Strategic Management Team.

Mr Gourlay summarised the key points of the performance report. There had been 1,635 incidents in East Lothian during the financial year 2018/19, an increase of 28 compared to the previous year. He drew particular attention to the increase in the number of deliberate fires, noting that East Lothian's were in line with the Scottish average. He also highlighted the number of accidental dwelling fires; 80% of which occurred in single occupancy households and 30% of those involved residents over the age of 65. He drew attention to a number of elements of partnership working and initiatives and events aimed at reducing accidental dwelling fires.

Mr Gourlay responded to questions from Members. Regarding questions in relation to deliberate fires, he stated that usually the perpetrators had left the scene when the fire crew arrived and there was little evidence which made detection very difficult. Inspector Harborow advised members that in 2018/19 49 crimes of this nature had been recorded and 10 had been solved.

In relation to queries about training of staff, Mr Gourlay outlined the number of personnel and frequency of training provided to crews in East Lothian. In respect of the number of partner referrals, Mr Gourlay said that he was pleased to see high risk referrals coming forward

through the Contact Centre. He added that training was being given to multi agency partners to encourage further referrals to be put into the system. Responding to questions about the increase in road traffic incidents, he advised that a number of factors may be involved and it was difficult to pinpoint one specific cause.

Chief Superintendent McKenzie confirmed that the number of road casualties in East Lothian and the Borders was an ongoing challenge but that proactive measures were in place to increase the policing presence.

Mr Ward summarised the prevention and protection activities section of the performance report. He highlighted the number of fire safety visits and in particular the level of engagement with care providers over the past six months. In relation to deliberate fires, he advised that officers had targeted areas where spikes activity had been identified and were working with schools and local community groups to reduce the figures in future years.

Mr Ward responded to a question from Councillor McLeod regarding protection of council house stock. He advised that this would usually involve ensuring that all mains wired detectors were in working order and reporting any faults to the Housing Officer.

Mr Oliver agreed to provide further details on the action being taken to protect older council housing stock. In the meantime, he advised members that a new Fire Safety officer had been appointed and would be working with the Corporate Health & Safety Team to maintain the safety of the Council's public buildings.

Angela Leitch, Chief Executive, added that that the Council's priority was the safety of its tenants and following the events at Grenfell Tower, the Community Housing Team was working to ensure that appropriate safety measures were in place, including a revised policy for new tenants.

The Convener welcomed the report, noting that the new training facility was nearing completion, that actions was being taken on the numbers of deliberate fires and that there continued to be an excellent level of partnership working.

Decision

The Committee agreed to note the report.

4. SFRS DRAFT STRATEGIC PLAN 2019-22 CONSULTATION

Mr Gourlay presented the SFRS draft Strategic Plan 2019-22 and advised members that consultation was due to end on 18 July. He said that the draft plan was presented for noting and that further information was available online.

Mr Gourlay responded to questions. He advised that the SFRS transformation agenda was looking at rebalancing the frontline to adapt to the challenges of an increasing population within East Lothian. In relation to support for officers following incidents, he explained that the Chief Fire Officer had recently signed up to a mental health pledge to support staff who were involved in incidents where they may know victims or where the circumstances were particularly difficult. The Service was also looking to train staff in Mental Health First Aid as a supplement to professional mental health support.

Mrs Leitch suggested that outcome 2 in the draft plan offered significant opportunities to build on current levels of partnership working. She referred to discussions already taking

place within existing partnerships on how to best to train, utilise and deploy resources in the most effective way.

Responding to questions on the use of technology, Mr Gourlay indicated that Tablets were now being used on call outs as they were able to provide officers access to a wealth of information about a particular premises and software within appliances was reducing the risk of collisions. However, he acknowledged that keeping up with advances in technology was a challenge.

In response to a question from the Convener, Paolo Vestri, Service Manager – Corporate Policy, confirmed that a summary of the discussion would be prepared and circulated to Members prior to the consultation deadline of 18 July.

Decision

The Committee agreed to note the draft plan and provide feedback on the proposals.

5. TACKLING ANTISOCIAL BEHAVIOUR

A report was submitted by the Depute Chief Executive (Partnerships and Community Services) advising of the number of antisocial behaviour complaints made to the Council during the reporting period (1 October 2018 to 31 March 2019) and advising of ongoing actions being undertaken by local partner agencies in tackling antisocial behaviour.

Kenny Black, Safer Communities Team Leader, presented the report. He drew specific attention to sections 3.6-3.9 of the report, highlighting the slight decrease in antisocial behaviour complaints compared with the same period last year and the nature of those complaints. There were currently 48 live ASBOs in place in East Lothian. He drew attention to 5 of these which related to individuals with links to serious organised crime gangs in England. Mr Black detailed some of the range of measures in place to reduce antisocial behaviour and advised members that the new three year Antisocial Behaviour Strategy would go out to public consultation in the summer.

Mr Black responded to questions. In relation to the geographic spread of the live ASBOs he said that they stretched across the county rather than focused in any one area. He outlined the process in place for enforcement of any breaches and agreed to provide the Members with further details of the outcome of referrals to the Mid and East Lothian Resolution Service.

Councillor McLeod said that he had made use of the resolution service for some of his constituency cases and it had worked very well.

Mr Black also responded to questions on the funding of four additional police officers within the county. Chief Superintendent McKenzie said that it was not unusual for local authorities to fund additional officers and their focus would depend on the priorities identified in that area. Inspector Harborow added that the four officers in East Lothian were based in Tranent but had a division-wide remit.

The Convener thanked Mr Black for the report, which was another good example of partnership working, and he noted the positive feedback from Councillor McLeod on the mediation service.

Decision

The Committee agreed to note the report.

6. POLICE SCOTLAND SCRUTINY REPORT, 1 APRIL 2018 – 31 MARCH 2019

Chief Superintendent McKenzie informed Members that he was delighted to be the new Lothians and Scottish Borders Divisional Commander. He looked forward to working with local partners and to continuing to tackle priority areas of violent and acquisitive crime and antisocial behaviour. He also affirmed his commitment to supporting the Committee in its scrutiny role. He provided details of personnel changes at Executive level within Police Scotland, referred Members to the Annual Policy Plan which was available online and advised that the annual budget had been agreed. He also drew attention to the overall reduction in budgets at national and local level since 2012. Lastly, he outlined some changes to call assessment and resource deployment which would come into force in East Lothian in early 2020 and he reiterated the importance of partnership working to tackle more complex issues such as antisocial behaviour.

Chief Superintendent McKenzie responded to questions. He agreed to provide further detail on the reduction in specific budgets but indicated that, overall, it equated to almost 18%. In relation to overprovision of alcohol he stated that there was often a link between this and violence and that overprovision was more common in areas of deprivation. He said that Police Scotland supported minimum pricing on alcohol as an important step but it was only one factor and the issue of overprovision also needed to be tackled.

Inspector Harborow then gave the Committee a detailed summary of the performance report which covered the full year 1 April 2018 to 31 March 2019. He outlined the performance results for each of the eight categories compared with the previous year. He also highlighted some notable successes from the 'Achieving Priorities and Outcomes' section of the report.

Inspector Harborow and Chief Superintendent McKenzie responded to questions on the report and provided further background to some of the statistics. They confirmed that all officers had been trained in relation to the new crime of 'coercive behaviour' and that incident statistics would appear in future performance reports. In relation to rogue traders coming door-to-door and travelling groups they advised that prevention work was underway.

Chief Superintendent McKenzie advised that around 20% of incidents resulted in a crime being recorded and that Police Scotland's remit reached beyond simply tackling crimes. It included the safety of communities and the protection of vulnerable people, such as missing people and those suffering mental health related crises, and partnership working was an important part of managing this remit.

Councillor McLeod praised the report as a very informative and easy read. However, he agreed that additional detail would be welcome.

Councillor Henderson reiterated her request from the previous meeting that these reports be drawn to the attention of other Elected Members. The Committee agreed with this proposal.

In reply to a question from the Convener, Inspector Harborow confirmed that officers could include additional routes within in their road safety policing priorities.

Councillor McGinn welcomed the report and praised the level of support Police Scotland provided to initiatives within his own Ward. He said that East Lothian was a great place to live and a safe place to live and he was personally very grateful for the support he received

in his role as a Councillor. He added that this level of support was all the more remarkable when set against the significant reduction in budgets highlighted by the Chief Superintendent.

The Convener also welcomed the report echoing the comments made by his colleagues. He commended the local Division on its problem-solving partnerships and other initiatives aimed at reducing crime levels within the county.

Decision

The Committee agreed to note the report.

7. LOCAL AUTHORITY VIEWS ON THE YEAR IN POLICING 2018/19

A report was submitted by the Depute Chief Executive (Partnerships and Community Services) providing the opportunity for the Committee to respond to the Scottish Police Authority annual review of policing 2018/19.

Mr Vestri presented the report inviting Members to consider responses to questions 5, 6 and 8 of the questionnaire. He provided some suggested responses and examples of good practice for each, drawn from some of the discussions earlier in the meeting:

Q5 –Partnership Against Rural Crime; Problem-solving Partnerships re ASBOs

Q6 – response times to emergency calls; parking at schools; and lack of funding for CCTV

Q8 – Performance Report & information provided to the Committee; improve links between the Committee and the Scottish Police Authority (SPA) by encouraging occasional attendance from SPA representative?

The Convener asked Members to indicate if there were any of the proposed responses which they would like to see revised and if they had additional comments or examples to put forward.

Councillor McLeod said that he was not uncomfortable with any of the proposed answers but that he would offer further comments to Mr Vestri following the meeting.

Councillor Gilbert suggested that speeding by included in the response to question 6. Councillor Henderson concurred but suggested that it be widened to include road safety more generally. Mr Vestri indicated that this could be included as one issue: speeding/road safety/parking & road congestion near schools.

Inspector Harborow asked where this information had come from and all three Councillors indicated that these issues were a regular feature of discussions at Parent Council meetings within the Wards.

Mr Oliver suggested that for the response to question 5 should include: strong collaborative ethos within the Local Authority and the Police; engage and embrace innovative solutions.

Councillor Findlay welcomed the suggestion of a representative from the SPA attending Committee meetings. This was also supported by the other Members.

Councillor McGinn suggested an addition to Mr Oliver's proposed comments to include 'participation at SAG of great benefit'.

Mrs Leitch highlighted the redevelopment of the old court building for use by Police Scotland and as part of a collaborative hub as an example of maximising resources.

In relation to examples of good practice for question 7, the Convener said that at a recent CoSLA meeting it was noted that East Lothian were ahead of the curve in terms of co-location. The Convener then thanked everyone for their contributions and Mr Vestri agreed to include this information in the completed questionnaire.

Decision

The Committee agreed the proposed responses to the questions submitted by the Scottish Police Authority on policing in 2018/19.

8. DRAFT ANNUAL WORK PROGRAMME 2019/20

The draft work programme for 2019/20 was approved; no additional reports were proposed.

9. DATE OF NEXT MEETING

The next meeting would be held on Wednesday 14 November 2019.

Signed

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Councillor Jim Goodfellow
Convener of the Police, Fire and Community Safety Scrutiny Committee



East Lothian Area Command

The Lothians and Scottish Borders



Policy Development and Scrutiny Panel

Quarter 2 – 2019/2020

The data provided in this report is for information purposes only. This is to allow Partnership Members to conduct their scrutiny responsibilities. Due to delayed reporting or recording of crimes, incidents or road accidents and the management of crime enquiries, there is likely to be minor amendments between the information in this report and the final Police Scotland statistics. The extraction date from recording systems can also differ so it would not be appropriate to refer to, quote or use any data in the report as official statistics.



Our Vision

Sustained excellence in service and protection.

Our Purpose

To improve the safety and wellbeing of people, places and communities in Scotland.

Our Values

Integrity, Fairness and Respect.

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J Division Policing Priorities 2019/20



West Lothian

1. Protecting People
2. Reducing Antisocial Behaviour
3. Reducing Violence
4. Tackling Substance Misuse
5. Road Safety
6. Tackling Serious and Organised Crime
7. Tackling Acquisitive Crime

East Lothian

1. Reducing Antisocial Behaviour
2. Tackling Substance Misuse
3. Reducing Violence
4. Protecting People
5. Tackling Serious and Organised Crime
6. Making our Roads Safer
7. Reducing Housebreaking

Local Area Command Priorities

Scottish Borders

1. Protecting People
2. Reducing Violence, Disorder & Antisocial Behaviour
3. Tackling Substance Misuse
4. Road Safety
5. Tackling Serious Organised Crime
6. Tackling Acquisitive Crime

Midlothian

1. Tackling Substance Misuse
2. Protecting People
3. Reducing Violence
4. Making our Roads Safer
5. Reducing Antisocial Behaviour
6. Tackling Serious and Organised Crime
7. Reducing Housebreaking

J DIVISION PRIORITIES FOR POLICING

ENABLE, empower and develop our PEOPLE through the provision of support, training and the delivery of effective change

Work together with LOCAL communities and partners, to deliver a quality service which responds to their needs by;

- Protecting the most vulnerable people
- Reducing Violence & Anti-social behaviour
- Tackling Serious & Organised Crime
- Improving Road Safety
- Tackling Acquisitive Crime

Protecting vulnerable People

Supporting people considered vulnerable and working with partners to reduce harm

Working with communities

Engaging with the public and communities to build resilience and prevent crime

POLICE SCOTLAND PRIORITIES FOR

POLICING

Tackling cyber related Crime

Building Capability to address the threat from cyber related crime

Support for operational Policing

Delivering change that enables our people to deliver an effective and sustainable service

Introduction

Crimes and offences are grouped under recognised categories for statistical purposes. The Scottish Government (SG) defines these categories, as follows;

- Group 1 – Non Sexual Crimes of Violence
- Group 2 – Sexual Crimes
- Group 3 – Crimes of Dishonesty
- Group 4 – Fire-raising, Malicious Mischief etc.
- Group 5 – Other (Pro-activity) Crimes
- Group 6 – Miscellaneous Offences
- Group 7 - Offences Relating to Motor Vehicles

Police Scotland publishes management information on an annual and quarterly basis by local authority and police division, as well as at a national level. These reports are produced to demonstrate Police Scotland's commitment to transparency. Police Scotland publishes all of these reports on the 'Our Performance' section of the Police Scotland website.

The reports can be accessed here:

<http://www.scotland.police.uk/about-us/our-performance/>

The East Lothian Policing Plan uses the following Police performance indicators, and these have been mirrored in this Scrutiny Report to maintain parity of understanding:

1. Reducing Antisocial Behaviour
2. Tackling Substance Misuse
3. Reducing Violence
4. Protecting People
5. Tackling Serious and Organised Crime
6. Making our Roads Safer
7. Reducing Housebreaking

All figures quoted in this report are for the period 1st April 2019 to 30th Sep 2019 and are compared against the same reporting period from the previous year. Where figures are quoted on rate per 10,000 population, these are based on East Lothian's population of **105,790 in 2018** (Scottish Government figures, published April 2019).

Lothian and Scottish Borders Divisional Crime Overview

Lothian and Scottish Borders Division	2018/19 Q2	2019/20 Q2	Per 10,000 Q2 2019/20	Detection Rates 2019/20
GROUP 1: NON SEXUAL CRIMES OF VIOLENCE	250	310	6.36	78.7
Murder (excluding culpable homicide at common law)	-	2	0.04	50.0
Culpable homicide (at common law)	-	-	-	x
Culpable homicide (under statute including RTA, sec. 1)	2	3	0.06	100.0
Attempted murder	6	9	0.18	88.9
Serious assault	130	141	2.89	80.1
Robbery and assault with intent to rob	42	47	0.96	80.9
Domestic Abuse (of female)	-	31	0.64	71.0
Domestic Abuse (of male)	-	-	-	x
Domestic Abuse (Total)	-	31	0.64	71.0
Cruel & Unnatural treatment of children	38	52	1.07	86.5
Threats and extortion	19	12	0.25	66.7
Other group 1 crimes	13	13	0.27	46.2
GROUP 2: SEXUAL CRIMES	474	553	11.35	53.7
Rape	89	111	2.28	51.4
Assault w/i to rape or ravish	4	4	0.08	25.0
<i>Rape and attempted rape - Total</i>	93	115	2.36	50.4
Sexual assault (pre-SOSA 2009)*	10	10	0.21	70.0
Sexual assault (SOSA 2009)*	132	172	3.53	54.1
Lewd & libidinous practices*	43	70	1.44	64.3
<i>Indecent/Sexual Assault - Total</i>	185	252	5.17	57.5
<i>Prostitution related crime - Total*</i>	-	1	0.02	0.0
Taking, distribution, possession of indecent photos of children	17	22	0.45	86.4
Communicating indecently (SOSA 2009)*	37	29	0.60	62.1
Communications Act 2003 (sexual)	9	11	0.23	45.5
Sexual exposure (SOSA 2009)*	17	23	0.47	56.5
Public indecency (common law)	14	3	0.06	100.0
Other sexual crimes (SOSA 2009)*	70	67	1.37	38.8
Other sexual crimes (non-SOSA 2009)*	9	9	0.18	33.3
Threatening / Disclosure of intimate image*	23	21	0.43	33.3
Other Group 2 crimes	-	-	-	x
<i>Other Group 2 crimes - Total</i>	196	185	3.80	50.8
GROUP 3: CRIMES OF DISHONESTY	4 717	4 833	99.17	31.9
Housebreaking (incl. attempts) - dwelling house	224	226	4.64	34.1
Housebreaking (incl. attempts) - non dwelling	167	160	3.28	15.6
Housebreaking (incl. attempts) - other premises	274	168	3.45	23.2
<i>Housebreaking (incl. Attempts) - Total</i>	665	554	11.37	25.5
Opening Lockfast Places - Motor Vehicle	122	132	2.71	20.5
Theft of a motor vehicle	244	245	5.03	35.9
Theft from a Motor Vehicle (Insecure etc)	382	375	7.69	18.9
Attempt theft of motor vehicle	19	18	0.37	5.6
<i>Motor vehicle crime - Total</i>	767	770	15.80	24.3
Opening Lockfast Places - NOT Motor Vehicle	57	73	1.50	15.1
Common theft	1 224	1 393	28.58	19.3
Theft by shoplifting	1 383	1 259	25.83	54.4
Fraud	272	436	8.95	26.1
Other Group 3 Crimes	349	348	7.14	39.1
GROUP 4: FIRE-RAISING, MALICIOUS MISCHIEF etc	2 108	2 115	43.40	24.6
Fireraising	122	119	2.44	25.2

Vandalism (including malicious mischief)	1 904	1 902	39.03	23.3
Reckless conduct (with firearms)	2	2	0.04	100.0
Culpable and reckless conduct (not with firearms)	76	86	1.76	51.2
Other Group 4 Crimes	4	6	0.12	16.7
GROUP 5: OTHER (PRO-ACTIVITY) CRIMES	2 261	2 270	46.58	96.0
Carrying offensive weapons (incl. restriction)	87	87	1.79	96.6
Handling bladed/pointed instrument	79	81	1.66	98.8
Offensive weapon (used in other criminal activity)*	54	78	1.60	89.7
Bladed/pointed instrument (used in other criminal activity)*	43	36	0.74	86.1
<i>Total offensive/bladed weapons</i>	<i>263</i>	<i>282</i>	<i>5.79</i>	<i>94.0</i>
Production, manufacture or cultivation of drugs	45	32	0.66	106.3
Supply of drugs (incl. possession with intent)	136	120	2.46	95.8
Bringing drugs into prison	-	15	0.31	40.0
<i>Supply of drugs - Total</i>	<i>181</i>	<i>167</i>	<i>3.43</i>	<i>92.8</i>
Possession of drugs	1 080	1 080	22.16	97.3
Other drugs offences (incl. importation)	7	10	0.21	40.0
<i>Total drugs crimes</i>	<i>1 268</i>	<i>1 257</i>	<i>25.79</i>	<i>96.3</i>
Offences relating to serious and organised crime	-	4	0.08	100.0
Bail offences (other than absconding)	358	361	7.41	97.0
Other Group 5 crimes	372	366	7.51	95.9
GROUP 6: MISCELLANEOUS OFFENCES	4 700	5 028	103.17	74.3
Common Assault	1 991	2 037	41.80	63.1
Common Assault (of emergency workers)	185	209	4.29	100.5
<i>Common Assault - Total</i>	<i>2 176</i>	<i>2 246</i>	<i>46.09</i>	<i>66.6</i>
Breach of the Peace	70	69	1.42	100.0
Threatening & abusive behaviour	1 714	1 851	37.98	81.2
Stalking	52	46	0.94	93.5
<i>BOP, S38 & S39 Crim Just & Lic (S) Act 2010 - Total</i>	<i>1 836</i>	<i>1 966</i>	<i>40.34</i>	<i>82.1</i>
Racially aggravated harassment/conduct*	63	74	1.52	95.9
Drunk and incapable	28	26	0.53	100.0
Consume alcohol in designated place local by-law	32	21	0.43	100.0
Other alcohol related offences*	16	23	0.47	100.0
<i>Drunkenness and other disorderly conduct (TOTAL)</i>	<i>76</i>	<i>70</i>	<i>1.44</i>	<i>100.0</i>
Wildlife offences*	14	18	0.37	16.7
Other Group 6 offences	535	654	13.42	73.9
GROUP 7: OFFENCES RELATING TO MOTOR VEHICLES	3 455	3 593	73.72	84.0
Dangerous driving offences	104	120	2.46	86.7
Drink, Drug driving offences incl. Failure to provide a specimen	268	273	5.60	99.6
Speeding offences	300	329	6.75	98.2
Driving while disqualified	73	71	1.46	98.6
Driving without a licence	253	267	5.48	99.3
Failure to insure against third party risks	680	720	14.77	98.8
Seat belt offences	73	88	1.81	81.8
Mobile phone offences	109	96	1.97	93.8
Driving Carelessly	267	299	6.14	90.0
Drivers neglect of traffic directions (NOT pedestrian crossings)	109	113	2.32	91.2
Using a motor vehicle without test certificate	414	355	7.28	99.7
Other Group 7 offences	805	862	17.69	44.8

East Lothian Recorded Crime Overview

East Lothian	2018/19 Q2	2019/20 Q2	Per 10,000 Q2 2019/20	Detection Rates 2019/20
GROUP 1: NON SEXUAL CRIMES OF VIOLENCE	42	51	4.90	86.3
Murder (excluding culpable homicide at common law)	-	-	-	x
Culpable homicide (at common law)	-	-	-	x
Culpable homicide (under statute including RTA, sec. 1)	1	-	-	x
Attempted murder	1	1	0.10	100.0
Serious assault	25	21	2.02	95.2
Robbery and assault with intent to rob	9	7	0.67	85.7
Domestic Abuse (of female)	-	9	0.86	77.8
Domestic Abuse (of male)	-	-	-	x
Domestic Abuse (Total)	-	9	0.86	77.8
Cruel & Unnatural treatment of children	-	10	0.96	80.0
Threats and extortion	2	2	0.19	100.0
Other group 1 crimes	4	1	0.10	0.0
GROUP 2: SEXUAL CRIMES	109	100	9.61	44.0
Rape	23	19	1.83	21.1
Assault w/i to rape or ravish	-	-	-	x
<i>Rape and attempted rape - Total</i>	23	19	1.83	21.1
Sexual assault (pre-SOSA 2009)*	4	3	0.29	33.3
Sexual assault (SOSA 2009)*	30	24	2.31	45.8
Lewd & libidinous practices*	12	16	1.54	50.0
<i>Indecent/Sexual Assault - Total</i>	46	43	4.13	46.5
<i>Prostitution related crime - Total*</i>	-	-	-	x
Taking, distribution, possession of indecent photos of children	5	4	0.38	100.0
Communicating indecently (SOSA 2009)*	8	12	1.15	50.0
Communications Act 2003 (sexual)	1	-	-	x
Sexual exposure (SOSA 2009)*	-	3	0.29	33.3
Public indecency (common law)	3	1	0.10	100.0
Other sexual crimes (SOSA 2009)*	18	12	1.15	33.3
Other sexual crimes (non-SOSA 2009)*	2	2	0.19	0.0
Threatening / Disclosure of intimate image*	3	4	0.38	75.0
Other Group 2 crimes	-	-	-	x
<i>Other Group 2 crimes - Total</i>	40	38	3.65	52.6
GROUP 3: CRIMES OF DISHONESTY	1 053	1 048	100.68	33.9
Housebreaking (incl. attempts) - dwelling house	38	51	4.90	31.4
Housebreaking (incl. attempts) - non dwelling	34	37	3.55	13.5
Housebreaking (incl. attempts) - other premises	74	31	2.98	25.8
<i>Housebreaking (incl. Attempts) - Total</i>	146	119	11.43	24.4
Opening Lockfast Places - Motor Vehicle	26	36	3.46	11.1
Theft of a motor vehicle	58	51	4.90	23.5
Theft from a Motor Vehicle (Insecure etc)	66	77	7.40	26.0
Attempt theft of motor vehicle	6	6	0.58	0.0
<i>Motor vehicle crime - Total</i>	156	170	16.33	21.2
Opening Lockfast Places - NOT Motor Vehicle	14	14	1.34	7.1
Common theft	260	286	27.48	18.5
Theft by shoplifting	349	272	26.13	69.1
Fraud	49	93	8.93	15.1
Other Group 3 Crimes	79	94	9.03	36.2
GROUP 4: FIRE-RAISING, MALICIOUS MISCHIEF etc	391	421	40.45	21.1
Fireraising	28	18	1.73	27.8

Vandalism (including malicious mischief)	344	382	36.70	19.4
Reckless conduct (with firearms)	2	1	0.10	100.0
Culpable and reckless conduct (not with firearms)	16	17	1.63	47.1
Other Group 4 Crimes	1	3	0.29	33.3
GROUP 5: OTHER (PRO-ACTIVITY) CRIMES	408	455	43.71	93.2
Carrying offensive weapons (incl. restriction)	17	15	1.44	86.7
Handling bladed/pointed instrument	12	12	1.15	91.7
Offensive weapon (used in other criminal activity)*	4	12	1.15	100.0
Bladed/pointed instrument (used in other criminal activity)*	5	1	0.10	0.0
<i>Total offensive/bladed weapons</i>	<i>38</i>	<i>40</i>	<i>3.84</i>	<i>90.0</i>
Production, manufacture or cultivation of drugs	4	5	0.48	100.0
Supply of drugs (incl. possession with intent)	21	24	2.31	87.5
Bringing drugs into prison	-	-	-	x
<i>Supply of drugs - Total</i>	<i>25</i>	<i>29</i>	<i>2.79</i>	<i>89.7</i>
Possession of drugs	187	201	19.31	92.5
Other drugs offences (incl. importation)	-	3	0.29	0.0
<i>Total drugs crimes</i>	<i>212</i>	<i>233</i>	<i>22.38</i>	<i>91.0</i>
Offences relating to serious and organised crime	-	1	0.10	100.0
Bail offences (other than absconding)	67	79	7.59	100.0
Other Group 5 crimes	91	102	9.80	94.1
GROUP 6: MISCELLANEOUS OFFENCES	830	943	90.59	73.5
Common Assault	370	374	35.93	63.4
Common Assault (of emergency workers)	27	38	3.65	100.0
<i>Common Assault - Total</i>	<i>397</i>	<i>412</i>	<i>39.58</i>	<i>66.7</i>
Breach of the Peace	7	16	1.54	112.5
Threatening & abusive behaviour	284	350	33.62	78.3
Stalking	7	8	0.77	87.5
<i>BOP, S38 & S39 Crim Just & Lic (S) Act 2010 - Total</i>	<i>298</i>	<i>374</i>	<i>35.93</i>	<i>79.9</i>
Racially aggravated harassment/conduct*	3	16	1.54	87.5
Drunk and incapable	2	6	0.58	100.0
Consume alcohol in designated place local by-law	10	10	0.96	100.0
Other alcohol related offences*	5	5	0.48	80.0
<i>Drunkenness and other disorderly conduct (TOTAL)</i>	<i>17</i>	<i>21</i>	<i>2.02</i>	<i>95.2</i>
Wildlife offences*	1	5	0.48	20.0
Other Group 6 offences	114	115	11.05	73.0
GROUP 7: OFFENCES RELATING TO MOTOR VEHICLES	495	535	51.40	81.3
Dangerous driving offences	24	21	2.02	100.0
Drink, Drug driving offences incl. Failure to provide a specimen	52	54	5.19	103.7
Speeding offences	16	28	2.69	96.4
Driving while disqualified	10	11	1.06	90.9
Driving without a licence	40	39	3.75	97.4
Failure to insure against third party risks	111	108	10.38	100.9
Seat belt offences	5	-	-	x
Mobile phone offences	5	3	0.29	100.0
Driving Carelessly	38	46	4.42	93.5
Drivers neglect of traffic directions (NOT pedestrian crossings)	11	12	1.15	100.0
Using a motor vehicle without test certificate	37	43	4.13	100.0
Other Group 7 offences	146	170	16.33	42.9

East Lothian Performance Summary

East Lothian Performance Summary Report Reporting Period: April - September



Total Crime: (Group1-5) 2,075

Crime Increase: 3.6%

**All Crimes
& Offences**

6.8 %



3,553 (225 more)

**Common
Assault**

3.8 %



412 (15 more)

**Crimes of
Dishonesty**

- 0.5 %



1,048 (5 fewer)

**Crimes of
Violence**

21.4 %



51 (9 more)

**Serious
Assault**

Detection rate
UP 39.2 %



(Q2 95.2%)

**Sexual
Crime**

- 8.3 %



100 (9 fewer)

**Road Traffic
Casualties**

- 52 %



(59 fewer)

**Serious
Assault**

- 16 %



21 (4 fewer)

Robbery

Detection rate
UP 7.9 %



(Q2 85.7%)

All Housebreaking

- 18.5 %




119 (27 fewer)

The Lothians and
Scottish Borders Division

Executive Summary

Reducing Anti-Social Behaviour

Reducing Anti-Social Behaviour	Executive Summary											
<p data-bbox="156 533 300 600">Anti-Social Behaviour</p> 	<table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th data-bbox="560 488 751 613">Q2 2018/19</th> <th data-bbox="751 488 943 613">Q2 2019/20</th> <th data-bbox="943 488 1134 613">Change</th> <th data-bbox="1134 488 1318 613">TYTD Per 10,000 population</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td data-bbox="560 613 751 703">1932</td> <td data-bbox="751 613 943 703">1869</td> <td data-bbox="943 613 1134 703">-3.3%</td> <td data-bbox="1134 613 1318 703">176.7</td> </tr> </tbody> </table>	Q2 2018/19	Q2 2019/20	Change	TYTD Per 10,000 population	1932	1869	-3.3%	176.7			
Q2 2018/19	Q2 2019/20	Change	TYTD Per 10,000 population									
1932	1869	-3.3%	176.7									
<p>The number of reported Anti-social behaviour incidents fell by 3.3% compared to the 2018/19 Q2 period. This is a reduction of 63 incidents and is a positive downward trend. Fire-raising across the county has reduced from 28 to 18. This can be attributed to close working relations with the SFRS in tackling a previous issue of youth related fire-raising at this time last year.</p>												
<p>Over the period, closer working relationships have been forged between Community Policing Teams and partner agencies and officers have been empowered to work collaboratively to tackle emerging issues. An example of this can be highlighted in the Prestonpans area which saw a sudden spike in youth related ASB from primary school children. Within a very short period a multiagency meeting was arranged and an action plan agreed which quickly resolved the issue.</p>												
<p>We have also improved our approach to dealing with ASB related to the night time economy and have significantly increased our licensed premises inspections by over 80%. These visits are intelligence driven and carried out at key times to maximise prevention opportunities.</p>												
<p>The use of ASBO's against repeat offenders continues, and this legislation has been a very effective and powerful tool in deterring organised crime groups (OCG) from working in our area and tackling repeat offenders of ASB. Over this period we have seen four full ASBO's served on significant offenders in the county.</p>												
<p>The summer period in East Lothian posed some challenges with youth related ASB linked to the end of school exams, local funfairs and other events, with Dunbar a particularly demanding area for youth related disorder. Owing to this, the PSP for Dunbar was resurrected and additional officers and wardens were deployed in the area successfully reducing the demand. The Parent Advisory Letters (PAL) process has been improved and school talks given by Community Policing Officers about the effects of ASB on communities. The Local Area Commander is writing to all parents about the end of exam celebrations for 2020 and continues to use his column in the courier to highlight challenges, successes and collaborative working.</p>												
<p>We have recently changed our ASB officer who works in the George Johnston Centre alongside the ELC ASB team and ELC Housing and this is proving very successful with both agencies reporting greater successes through better information sharing and new improved ideas to collaborate.</p>												
<p>We continue to invest in the Best Bar None initiative in an effort to further reduce anti-social behaviour and violence in our communities. Best Bar None is a crime prevention scheme based around the Licensing objectives that aims to reward well managed venues. This year's scheme has closed to new subscribers but there have been 30 applicants which is a 100% increase from last year.</p>												

Reducing Anti-Social Behaviour	Executive Summary
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Racially Aggravated Conduct



Q2 2018/19	Q2 2019/20	Change	TYTD Per 10,000 population
3	16	433.3%	1.54

Please note that in respect of recorded Hate Crimes, this section only includes;

- CRIM LAW CONSOLID 1995 S50A(1)(B)&(5) CAUSE DISTRESS & ALARM
- RACIALLY AGGRAVATED HARASSMENT (CRIMINAL LAW (CONSOLIDATION) (S) ACT 1995 S50A(1)(A)) RACIST

Official Hate Crime statistics include all crime types which have a hate crime aggravator added to the crime.

The aggravators are

- Disability
- Race
- Religion
- Sexual Orientation
- Transgender Identity.

A hate crime is “any crime which is perceived by the victim or any other person to be motivated (wholly or partly) by malice and ill-will towards a social group”.

There has been 16 recorded hate crimes when comparing reporting periods, which is a rise of 13 on the previous year but in line with the 5 year average. It is acknowledged that the previous year was an exceptionally low volume period and there are no trends or patterns to suggest concerns.

The detection rate for the recorded hate crime is 87.5%.

For further information on Hate Crime you can visit the Police Scotland website via the following link:

<https://www.scotland.police.uk/whats-happening/campaigns/2019/hate-crime-2019/>


It is known that some victims and witnesses of Hate Crime do not feel comfortable reporting the matter directly to police. To minimise underreporting, Police Scotland work in partnership with a variety of agencies who perform the role of Third Party Reporting Centres. These partners have been trained to assist people in submitting a report to the police, or they can make a report on their behalf. We will continue to raise awareness of hate crime and Third Party Reporting Centres through social media and national initiatives such as Keep Safe.


There are over 400 third party reporting sites across Scotland.

Hate Crime in East Lothian can be reported to police via phone number 101 or Third Party Reporting as follows;

East Lothian Third Party Reporting Sites

Dunbar Library	Bleachingfield Centre, Dunbar, EH42 1DX	01368 863 521
East & Midlothian Gypsy Travellers Site	Old Dalkeith Colliery, Dalkeith EH22 2LZ	0131 654 2095
East Linton Library	60A High Street, East Linton, EH40 3BX	01620 820 635
East Lothian Council Local area Office	John Muir House, Brewery Park, Haddington, EH41 3HA	01620 827 827
East Lothian Council Local area Office	The George Johnston Centre, 35 Winton Way, Tranent, EH33 1AE	01620 827 827
East Lothian Council Local area Office	Aldhammer House, Prestonpans, EH32 9SH	01620 827 827
East Lothian Council Local area Office	Old School Road, North Berwick, EH39 4JU	01620 827 827
East Lothian Council Local area Office	Musselburgh Office, Brunton Hall, Ladywell Way, Musselburgh, EH21 6AF	01620 827 827
East Lothian Council Local area Office	Bleachingfield Centre, Countess Crescent, Dunbar, EH42 1DX	01620 827 827
Gullane Library	East Links Road, Gullane, EH31 2AF	01620 820 645
Haddington Library	The John Gray Centre, Lodge Street, Haddington, EH41 3DX	01620 820 680
Longniddry Library	Churh Way, Longniddry, EH32 0LW	01875 818 160
Monaghan Mushrooms	Fenton Barnes, North Berwick, EH39 5AW	01620 843 780
Musselburgh Library	10 Bridge Street, Musselburgh, EH21 6AG	0131 653 5130
North Berwick Library	Old School Road, North Berwick, EH39 4JU	01620 820 700
Port Seton Library	Community Centre, South Seton Park, Port Seton, EH32 0BG	01875 818170
Prestonpans Library	West Loan, Prestonpans, EH32 9NX	01875 810 788
Total Labour Solutions	5 West Garleton, Haddington, EH41 3SL	01620 824 700
Tranent Library	The George Johnston Centre, 35 Winton Way, Tranent, EH33 1AE	01875 824 150
Victim Support Mid and East Lothian	5 Nicholson Square, Edinburgh, EH8 9BH	0131 668 2556
Wallyford Library	3 Faside Buildings, Wallyford, EH21 8BA	0131 653 5140


Tackling Substance Misuse	Executive Summary											
<p>Drugs Supply, Production and Cultivation</p> 	<table border="1" data-bbox="544 405 1316 616"> <thead> <tr> <th data-bbox="544 405 735 544">Q2 2018/19</th> <th data-bbox="735 405 927 544">Q2 2019/20</th> <th data-bbox="927 405 1118 544">Change</th> <th data-bbox="1118 405 1316 544">TYTD Per 10,000 population</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td data-bbox="544 544 735 616">212</td> <td data-bbox="735 544 927 616">233</td> <td data-bbox="927 544 1118 616">9.9%</td> <td data-bbox="1118 544 1316 616">22.38</td> </tr> </tbody> </table> <p data-bbox="373 618 1117 649">*Total crimes in relation to drugs supply, Production and Cultivation</p> <p data-bbox="373 687 1489 781">The communities of East Lothian have highlighted that Tackling Substance Misuse is a significant priority and this is reflected in the East Lothian Area Command Policing Priorities (Tackling Substance Misuse) and the wider Lothians & Scottish Borders Policing Priorities.</p> <p data-bbox="373 819 1489 943">When comparing Q2 2019/20 crimes in relation to drugs supply, production and cultivation, with those from Q2 2018/19 it can be seen that these have increased however this is down to better targeting of offenders and increased pro-active work. Local policing teams continue to respond to intelligence in relation to drug misuse and support national campaigns.</p> <p data-bbox="373 981 1489 1041">To ensure Police Scotland remain focused on Tackling Substance Misuse the following activity takes place,</p> <ul data-bbox="421 1079 1489 1568" style="list-style-type: none"> • The East Lothian Community Action Team (ELCAT), funded by East Lothian Council, continue to play a proactive role in Tackling Substance Misuse. Acting on intelligence they target individuals and groups. • East Lothian Response and Community officers are supplied an electronic briefing at the beginning of every shift. This ensures that they are fully up to date with the intelligence picture in their area. They actively target known persons involved in drug dealing through intervention and disruption activities. • We recently purchased two police event tents and associated equipment to set up ‘pop up police stations’ at differing locations throughout the county for the Community Policing Teams to host mobile drop in/ surgeries in a continued effort to increase community engagement. The crime prevention and local CPT officers will utilise these resources and have a far greater footprint across events in the areas as well as in towns not served by regular police stations. Officers will now have a stall at the Farmers Market and across other local regular events. • Youth Community Officers continue to deliver interactive drugs inputs to primary and secondary schools utilising Choices for life resources. 				Q2 2018/19	Q2 2019/20	Change	TYTD Per 10,000 population	212	233	9.9%	22.38
Q2 2018/19	Q2 2019/20	Change	TYTD Per 10,000 population									
212	233	9.9%	22.38									

Reducing Violence	Executive Summary											
<p>Domestic Abuse Incidents</p> 	<table border="1" data-bbox="544 353 1319 566"> <thead> <tr> <th data-bbox="544 353 740 495">Q2 2018/19</th> <th data-bbox="740 353 932 495">Q2 2019/20</th> <th data-bbox="932 353 1125 495">Change</th> <th data-bbox="1125 353 1319 495">TYTD Per 10,000 population</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td data-bbox="544 495 740 566">577</td> <td data-bbox="740 495 932 566">647</td> <td data-bbox="932 495 1125 566">12.1%</td> <td data-bbox="1125 495 1319 566">61.15</td> </tr> </tbody> </table> <p data-bbox="368 568 874 600">*Domestic abuse incidents reported to police.</p> <p data-bbox="368 636 1497 696">Supporting victims of Domestic Abuse and pursuing perpetrators remains a key priority for Police Scotland and indeed across East Lothian.</p> <p data-bbox="368 732 1497 828">During Q2 2019/20 period there were 647 domestic incidents reported to police, which equates to an increase of 70 incidents from the same period last year. The detection rate for Domestic crimes for Q2 was 70%.</p> <p data-bbox="368 864 1497 990">The Section 1 Domestic Abuse Scotland Act was introduced at the beginning of Q2. This is classed as a Group 1 crime. The crime takes into consideration offenders who follow a pattern of coercive and controlling behaviour. During Q2, 9 crimes under the terms of Section 1 of the aforementioned act have been recorded in East Lothian, all perpetrated against females.</p> <p data-bbox="368 1025 1120 1057">In terms of preventative activity the following points are highlighted:</p> <p data-bbox="368 1093 1497 1218">East Lothian’s MATAAC, which is a regular local meeting where information is shared about domestic abuse perpetrators who pose the highest risk, continues to be a feature of partnership prevention activity. The objective of MATAAC is to protect people at risk of harm through the targeting of perpetrators.</p> <p data-bbox="368 1254 1342 1285">The Disclosure Scheme for Domestic Abuse Scotland has two main triggers for disclosure,</p> <p data-bbox="368 1321 1497 1417">The Right to Ask is open to anyone who has concerns about a new partner’s abusive past or has concerns about another person’s new partner. An example of this would be a parent concerned about their child’s new partner.</p> <p data-bbox="368 1453 1497 1514">The Power to Tell is when we receive information or intelligence about the safety of a person who may be at risk.</p> <p data-bbox="368 1516 1326 1576">With Domestic abuse incidents remaining a focus and whilst we look to support victims, some of the following activity is of note;</p> <ol data-bbox="416 1612 1497 1964" style="list-style-type: none"> 1. All East Lothian officers are being trained in the new Domestic Abuse legislation and all East Lothian officers are being given local bespoke training to ensure they have a full understanding of the processes internally and externally and an awareness of advocacy available locally. 2. Proactive bail checks continue to be robustly enforced. There have been 45 detections for bail offences in Q2. 3. All domestic abuse procedures in East Lothian have been reviewed with a view to improving how we deal with victims and perpetrators. In East Lothian we are piloting new processes which have been specially tailored to local challenges and were designed in consultation with the Domestic Abuse Unit, VAWG co-ordinator, Women’s Aid and local supervisors. We have also improved and increase our training across partner agencies including education and financial institutions. 				Q2 2018/19	Q2 2019/20	Change	TYTD Per 10,000 population	577	647	12.1%	61.15
Q2 2018/19	Q2 2019/20	Change	TYTD Per 10,000 population									
577	647	12.1%	61.15									

Reducing Violence **Executive Summary**

Group 1

Crimes of Violence



Crime Type	Q2 2018/19	Q2 2019/20	Change	TYTD Per 10,000 population	Q2 2019/20 Detection Rate
Group 1	42	51	+21.4%	4.9	86.3
Serious Assault	25	21	-16%	2.02	95.2
Robbery	9	7	-22.2%	0.67	85.7
Common Assault	397	412	3.8%	39.58	66.7

*Common assaults not recorded as group 1 crimes.

Reducing violence is a policing priority for the East Lothian local authority area and the wider Lothian & Scottish Borders (J) Division of Police Scotland. We all recognise the impact violence has in our communities and the desire from these communities that we collectively work to make a difference.

The most significant changes in respect of recorded crime in East Lothian has been crimes of violence. The following headlines report;

- Group 1 crime up 9 crimes (21.4%)
- Serious Assault recorded down by 4 crimes (16% decrease)
- Robbery down by 2 crimes (22.2% decrease)
- Common assault recorded crime down by 15 crimes (3.8% decrease)

Q2, 2019 brought the introduction of Section 1 of the Domestic Abuse Scotland Act (DASA) which is recorded as a group 1 crime. As such an increase in reported Group 1 crime was to be expected in 2019 and is reflected in the above figures. East Lothian recorded 9 of these DASA crimes during the reporting period and there is 1 attempted murder. There are 10 recorded 'Cruel and Unnatural' treatment of children recorded within the 51 crimes.

Within the data supplied in this report the following points are worthy of note and help to inform our collective approach to reducing violence.

- Detection rates for Group 1 (86.3%), Serious Assault (95.2%) and Robbery (85.7%).

The Lothians and Scottish Borders Division is proactively working to reduce violence through a variety of methods;

Under the banner of Operation Parejos, J Division established a dedicated resource to investigate violent crime and target offenders. A variety of Prevention, Intelligence Gathering and Enforcement opportunities were progressed during Q2, and continue to be pursued. This activity seeks to bring suspects to justice and as a by-product improve detection rates.


Implementation of Violence Reduction plans across J Division, including in East Lothian, where officers deploy with an intelligence-led focus on licensed premises and open-space violence in higher tariff areas. Interventions and targeted disruption activities, such as proactive bail checks, are also being carried out with violent offenders to deter further criminality.

A focus has been made on prioritising outstanding warrants for violent offenders as well as tracing and arresting suspects known for violence who are wanted for violent and non-violent crimes.

Pub Watch continues in several East Lothian towns with community policing officers regularly attending the meetings and sharing relevant and pertinent information with those in attendance.

It is however clear that collective partnership working is ongoing across East Lothian to address crimes of violence and as we move forward it is assessed that a number of areas can, and should, be explored further namely:

- A collective approach to **support and continue to enhance the Best Bar None** project across East Lothian;
- Work collectively with the Local Authority and License holders to minimise alcohol related violence across our communities;

Protecting People	Executive Summary			
<p style="text-align: center;">Group 2</p> <p style="text-align: center;">Sexual Crime</p> 	Q2 2018/19	Q2 2019/20	Change	TYTD Per 10,000 population
	109	100	-8.3%	9.61
<p>*Total number of group 2 crimes recorded.</p> <p>Tackling criminality that poses the greatest threat and risk is, and will always be, a priority for officers in East Lothian. Rape and Sexual Crime is an area of focus in terms of providing confidence to report, undertaking professional investigations, providing victim support, pursuing perpetrators and managing offenders.</p> <p>A Q2 comparison between last year and this year for Sexual Crime in East Lothian shows the following;</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • 8.3% decrease in Sexual Crime (Group 2). • Group 2 Detection rate is 44%. • Recorded rapes have dropped from 23 last year to 19 this period, a reduction in 4. <p>It is worthy of note that owing to historical enquiries that are being investigated by Police Scotland National departments, a further 10 rapes have been recorded for East Lothian beyond this recording period. These will be reflected in the full year figures and will be showing as solved crimes.</p> <p>The crime showing the largest increase for Q2 is Lewd and Libidinous practices which has risen by 33.3%, 12 recorded in Q2 last year and 16 recorded in Q2 this year.</p> <p>The investigation of sexual crime, alongside the management of offenders and support of victims is achieved through close partnership working. The support offered to victims of Sexual Crime by partner agencies is essential and we continue to refer victims to these agencies. We know that Rape and Sexual Crime remains under reported and it is only through that work with partners can we help to give victims the confidence to report.</p> <p>Our community safety department has been jointly facilitating Bystander training at Queen Margaret University. All East Lothian Best Bar None premises have been provided with and are supporting both the 'Ask For Angela' and the Police Scotland 'Consent' campaigns. A significant amount of engagement has been done with QMU, particularly around 'Fresher's week.</p>				

Group 3

Crimes of Dishonesty



Q2 2018/19	Q2 2019/20	Change	TYTD Per 10,000 population
1053	1048	-0.5%	100.68

Tackling Acquisitive Crime, and as such working to Protect People by reducing the impact (both financial and personal) it has on our communities' remains a priority for the Lothians & Scottish Borders (J) Division and East Lothian. Given the wide range of 'acquisitive crimes' this priority is covered in 2 sections within this report;

Dishonesty (which is covered in this section)

Housebreaking (which is covered in the following section)


During the Q2 2019/2020 Group 3 crime has **decreased** by 5 crimes (0.5%) when compared to last year's reporting period. (This overall figure incorporates all housebreaking crimes).

Further breakdown of the data provided in the table above yields the following;

- 50% of the crime types are showing **an increase**.
- Fraud has seen an **increase of 89.7%** when compared to the same reporting period last year from 49 to 93 crimes.
- Theft by Shoplifting has **decreased** by **22%** from 349 reported incidents to 272.
- The Group 3 detection rate sits at **33.9% at the end of Q2**. This has **fallen by 6.9%** on Q2 last year but is still above the divisional average.

During the reporting period, police in J Division and East Lothian carried out the following preventative work;

- Continue to deliver Shut out Scammers, a high profile national campaign, delivered locally to tackle all forms of bogus callers and associated doorstep crime.
- Use of social media to highlight scams and deliver pertinent real-time advice and information to members of the community.
- Continue to support **Shopwatch** in the towns, where regular meetings are held with retailers
- Themed/seasonal rolling programme of crime prevention advice at events.
- Rural theft is one of the priorities of ELPARC. We have been encouraging those who live in rural communities to review their own security and providing advice where appropriate.
- Individuals and organisations continue to receive Crime Preventions surveys from specially trained Police Officers.
- A number of new housing developments have been utilising the Police Architectural Liaison service to help 'design out' crime at the development stage.
- Police Officers have been attending events, working with partners in the public and private sector, offering preventative advice.

Reducing Housebreaking	Executive Summary					
<p>Group 3</p> <p>Housebreaking</p> 	Crime Type	Q2 2018/19	Q2 2019/20	Change	TYTD Per 10,000 population	Q2 2019/20 Detection Rate
	Dwelling HB	38	51	-34.2%	4.9	31.4%
	Non Dwelling (Sheds, garages) HB	34	37	8.8%	3.55	13.54%
	Other (Business) HB	74	31	-58.1%	2.98	25.8%
	All HB	146	119	-18.5	11.43	24.4%
	*All Crime Types include attempts					
	Housebreaking					
	<p>During the Q2 2019/2020 Housebreaking (including attempts) crimes decreased by 18.5% when compared to last year's reporting period. (This overall figure incorporates all housebreaking crimes).</p> <p>Further breakdown of the data provided in the table above yields the following;</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • There were 13 more reports of dwelling Housebreaking in East Lothian for the comparable period last year. • Detection rate for Housebreakings to Dwellings is 31.4% • The detection rate for Housebreaking, encompassing dwelling, non-dwelling and business, is 24.4% which is 1.1% below the divisional average. <p>Trained Crime Prevention officers review areas where there are crime series or repeat crimes making proactive approaches to residential and business premises offering crime prevention advice. We work closely with a variety of agencies, organisations and businesses to prevent and raise awareness of the Housebreaking and other acquisitive crime.</p> <p>Every morning the previous 24 hours business in East Lothian is discussed and tasked appropriately for crime prevention visits, at this point trends and patterns are identified and tasked out appropriately. This process has been successful for East Lothian with a number of persons reported for a crime series committed in towns across the County. Robust bail conditions and continued enforcement of these on repeat offenders has been integral to the overall reduction.</p> <p>J Division continues to work with other Police Scotland Divisions to tackle organised crime groups (OCG's) who predominantly target high-value vehicles, which are then often used in the commission of other crime. We are committed to working with neighbouring territorial policing divisions and specialist resources to share and target our resources to maximum effect.</p> <p>As part of the East Lothian Partnership Against Rural Crime (ELPARC) local officers have been engaging with members of our rural communities, local dog walking companies, community councils and area partnerships to become members of Neighbourhood Watch Scotland Scheme and Rural Alert scheme to share information and intelligence in relation to rural crime and prevention messages for housebreakings.</p>					

Protecting People	Executive Summary
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Missing Persons



Q2 2018/19	Q2 2019/20	Change	TYTD Per 10,000 population
416	448	7.7%	42.3

YPU Repeat Locations – Q2 2019/20	
Location	Missing Person Incidents
Lothian Villa, Musselburgh	29
Preston Lodge High School, Prestonpans	9
Lothian Villa, Meadowmill	7

Multi Member Ward	
Haddington and Lammermuir	91
North Berwick Coastal	11
Dunbar	34
Musselburgh	112
Fa'Side	115
Preston, Seton and Gosford	78

The Lothians & Scottish Borders (J) Division and the communities of East Lothian recognise that protecting people, particularly those considered vulnerable, as a policing priority. Within the remit of protecting people is the work and investigations carried out to trace people who are reported missing. To put the scale of this work into context;

- Police Scotland, on an annual basis undertake over 22,000 investigations into missing people.
- In the Lothians and Scottish Borders Division this equates to the following;


Year 2017 / 2018 – 2390 missing person investigations

Year 2018 / 2019 – 2581 missing person investigations

Recognising the vulnerability associated with missing people, particularly those that are young or suffering from mental health challenges, Police Scotland has adopted a rigorous investigation structure and management approach to missing person incidents. The grading for missing persons range between low, medium and high, however the risk is continually assessed.

The Local Area Commander has been working closely with ELC to identify repeat and challenge young people who abscond. A great deal of work has been instigated and being progressed through various partnerships including the Children’s Strategic Partnership and The Community Justice Partnership.

The re-introduction of the MASG (Multi-agency Screening Group) is at an advanced stage and will assist with the diversionary opportunities for those committing offences whilst missing.

Tackling Serious and Organised Crime	Executive Summary
	<p>The National Terror Threat Level remains at SEVERE meaning an attack is highly likely.</p> <p>The Counter Terrorism Liaison Officer for J Division has provided WRAP, A workshop to Raise Awareness of Prevent training to the East Lothian Community Policing Officers who work within local schools and Concern Hub staff. This has resulted in an increased confidence to report concerns to the Prevent Delivery Unit East.</p> <p>In June a Crime Scene Preservation and Counter Terrorism Workshop was run in conjunction with the National Licenced Trade Partnership and Best Bar None. The workshop was aimed at staff working in licenced premises across East Lothian and the wider division and provided advice in line with the National Counter Terrorism Security Office (NaCTSO) ‘guidance for crowded places’ and the night time economy. This successful event was well attended.</p> <p>A counter terrorism table top exercise was run for staff and volunteers prior to the air show at the National Museum of Flight in East Fortune. This workshop enabled staff on duty on the day to consider several different scenarios prior to the event in order to ensure the safety of those attending.</p> <p>The J Division Counter Terrorism Liaison Officer (CTLO) continues to offer advice to parents and carers who may be concerned about their children becoming involved in extremism. An advice leaflet was created from a working group set up by partners involved in Lothian and Scot Borders Multi Agency Contest Group as it was recognised that no such advice was available. The leaflet is currently undergoing the Police Scotland Equality and Human Rights Impact Assessment process and it’s hoped that on completion it can be made available to all four J Division local authority areas.</p> <p>East Lothian Police continue to make good use of social media to share important counter terrorism messages in line with national campaigns. At the start of the summer Run, Hide, Tell International Campaign was run to target holiday makers with vital safety information. The four minute film highlights what to do in the unlikely event of a terror attack. You can find the campaign video via YouTube here:</p> <p>https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=kzcldaLbYPA&t=3s</p> <p><u>County Lines/Cuckooing - Operation Portable/Operation Uttermost</u></p> <p>Police Scotland and East Lothian Council have recently been working together on a number of recent cases, where the successful outcome has had a significant effect on disrupting Serious and Organised Crime Groups (SOCGs) infiltrating the area from England.</p> <p>Close collaboration between East Lothian Council and Police Scotland, identified vulnerable members of the community who were being targeted by SOCG nominals for criminal activity in the supply of controlled drugs.</p> <p>A number of individuals involved with SOCGs were served with Anti-Social Behaviour Orders (ASBOs) issued by Edinburgh Sheriff Court banning them from entering East Lothian for an indefinite period of time. This has disrupted their criminal activity and sends out a strong message to these groups.</p> <p>From this work training events were held to raise awareness of cuckooing and county lines and has been provided to 80 staff in East Lothian Council, including housing officers, community wardens, Safer Communities team, resolution team and dog wardens.</p> <p>This training highlights general information and aspects of SOCGs, including local examples of cuckooing/county lines, the signs to identify this and the reporting processes.</p>

Nail Bars – East Lothian (Licensed Premises)

Criminality surrounding nail bars in East Lothian was discovered through joint visits of police (licensing officers), HMRC and Immigration. Premises were closed and owners charged with operating without a public entertainment licence and other criminal matters are being investigated.

East Lothian Council have included nail bars as a business where owners must apply for a public entertainment licence, therefore being a 'fit and proper' person to run this type of business. If the applicant is not a suitable person the licence is refused and premises cannot trade.

This has already happened in relation to two premises, both of which had the same person apply for the licence and the original premise was found to have the owner linked to SOCG in another area. A partnership approach to these type of premises can not only prevent them from trading, but highlight issues where there maybe human trafficking and modern slavery, as well as financial gain for SOC.

This work has been highlighted nationally and shared as best practice.

Other work

Members of the **Trusted Trader** schemes in East Lothian have all been police checked for any involvement or links to Serious Organised Crime Groups. This is a safeguarding measure to prevent Organised Crime businesses being accredited by local authorities.

In East Lothian during April of this year '**Shut Out Scammers**' was held where officers attended engagement events along with Trading Standards and the Royal Bank of Scotland Community Bankers. The East Lothian Community Officers have provided joint talks at various Community Kitchens and also contributed to an event alongside Neighbourhood Watch Scotland, facilitated by the RBS Community Bankers. This was also followed by social media awareness.

The campaign is a National Police Scotland focus on doorstep callers/Bogus workmen prevention and includes partner agencies by using engagement events and roadshows to raise awareness of the campaign and provide advice to the community.

Days of Action and enforcement days provided increased opportunities to target offenders and intelligence gathering.

We have also delivered Mail Handling presentations to East Lothian Council mailroom staff to assist them to identify suspicious packages and take the appropriate action on the discovery of such items.

Making our Roads Safer **Executive Summary**

**Group 7
Road Casualties**



	Q2 2018/19	Q2 2019/20	Change
Fatal	1	1	0.0%
Serious	22	15	-31.8%
Slight	92	40	-56.5%

	Q2 2018/19	Q2 2019/20	Change
GROUP 7: OFFENCES RELATING TO MOTOR VEHICLES	495	535	8.1 %
Dangerous driving offences	24	21	- 12.5 %
Drink, Drug driving offences incl. Failure to provide a specimen	52	54	3.8 %
Speeding offences	16	28	75.0 %
Driving while disqualified	10	11	10.0 %
Driving without a licence	40	39	- 2.5 %
Failure to insure against third party risks	111	108	- 2.7 %
Seat belt offences	5	-	- 100.0 %
Mobile phone offences	5	3	- 40.0 %
Driving Carelessly	38	46	21.1 %
Drivers neglect of traffic directions (NOT pedestrian crossings)	11	12	9.1 %
Using a motor vehicle without test certificate	37	43	16.2 %
Other Group 7 offences	146	170	16.4 %

During the reporting period there has been 1 fatal road collision involving a motorcyclist in Port Seton. The circumstances were reported to the Procurator Fiscal and no further action is required relating to this. The increase of group 7 offences can be attributed to the RP being based at Dunbar and a greater pro-active approach to making our roads safer.

Officers in East Lothian have attended to 412 roads policing related incidents since April this year and have issued 114 Conditional Offer of Fixed Penalty Tickets for roads offences including speeding, no insurance, dangerous or careless driving and drink or drug driving.

We continue to support National Safety Campaigns which will include a Festive Drink/Drug drive campaign in the coming weeks.

16 DAYS OF ACTION AND WHITE RIBBON CAMPAIGN

From 25 November, the International Day for the Elimination of Violence against Women, to 10 December, Human Rights Day, the 16 Days of Activism against Gender-Based Violence Campaign is a time to galvanize action to end violence against women and girls around the world. The international campaign originated from the first Women's Global Leadership Institute coordinated by the Center for Women's Global Leadership in 1991. East Lothian police in conjunction with the East Lothian and Midlothian Violence against Women and Girls Partnership will be supporting this campaign by coordinating a variety of events and social media posts to promote and raise awareness of this subject in the county.

Various 'pop up' police stalls will be situated at locations in East Lothian, including the Farmers Market in Haddington promoting and raising awareness of domestic abuse and violence against women and girls.

As part of the 16 Days of Action there will also be the White Ribbon Campaign where males are encouraged to take a pledge to work against violence against women and girls. Over the campaign period members of East Lothian Council, Haddington and Ross High Rugby Clubs, EDF Energy at Torness and Network Rail will be taking this pledge.

East Lothian Partnership against Rural Crime (ELPARC)

Since the official launch in January 2019 of ELPARC the group has grown and developed with over 13 partners now involved including Police Scotland, Scottish Fire and Rescue Service, NFUS, Scottish Land and Estates, Neighbourhood Watch Scotland, Forth Fisheries Board, SSPCA, RSPB, SEPA, Network Rail and British Transport Police.

The group took part in the East Lothian Agricultural Show in July this year where they were helped on the day by the Police Scotland Youth Volunteers. This was a great event to raise the profile of ELPARC and work with our colleagues from SFRS, The Scottish Partnership against Rural Crime and to deliver crime prevention messages to the rural and farming communities.

In October police officers and other partners from ELPARC travelled down to Alnwick Police Station in Northumberland where they were joined by PC Allan McKean from the Scottish Partnership Against Rural Crime. They had been invited by officers from Northumbria Police to observe a high profile rural crime operation called 'Operation Checkpoint'. This operation involved close working between the police and local gamekeepers, landowners, bailiffs and volunteers from the rural community to target known poachers across a vast area. This was a very useful evening and information gathering and intelligence sharing between both Forces is ongoing and cross border relationships have been strengthened.

POLICE SCOTLAND YOUTH VOLUNTEERS

Police Scotland Youth Volunteers (PSYV) have had a busy period volunteering hours at events including The Edinburgh Marathon Festival, the Scottish Half Marathon, and the Edinburgh Military Tattoo. Locally they have aided members of East Lothian Partnership against Rural Crime at the East Lothian Agricultural Show in July and also at The National Museum of Flight Airshow.

The volunteers have also been working closely with a sheltered housing complex in the Musselburgh area, engaging with the elderly residents and helping to clear up communal garden areas. The group have also carried out crime prevention leaflet drops throughout East Lothian and helped distribute DNA Forensic Marking kits to farmers.

COMMUNITY JUSTICE PARTNERSHIP

Chief Inspector Neil Mitchell, who is the only police chair in any of the 28 CJP's across Scotland continues to work collaboratively with the partnership to deliver on its strategic aims. The three work streams are Community Engagement, Early Intervention/Prevention and Getting It Right for People with Convictions and are now showing good progress. These work groups have representation from Police Scotland, Housing, Education, SFRS, Community Learning and Development, the 3rd Sector, Scottish Prison Service and NHS Lothian.

The Partnership has recently been selected by Her Majesty's Care Inspectorate to partake in a supported and validated self-evaluation of community justice in the East Lothian area. This process began in October when an Inspector from HMIC attended a meeting of the Partnership to brief the members on the processes, procedures and expectations of such a process and the associated paperwork involved. The evaluation will centre around three key indicators of:

1. Planning and delivering services in a collaborative way
2. Effective use and management of resources
3. Leadership of strategy and direction

The final submission for this is Wednesday 22nd January 2020 and the chair and key members of the Partnership have designed a structured and comprehensive timeline to ensure this deadline is met.



6

LOCAL PLAN PERFORMANCE REPORT FOR EAST LoTHIAN



SCOTTISH
FIRE AND RESCUE SERVICE
Working together for a safer Scotland

Performance Report, 1st April 2019 – 30th September 2019

**Working together
for a safer Scotland**



DISCLAIMER

The figures included in this report are provisional and subject to change as a result of quality assurance and review. The statistics quoted are internal management information published in the interests of transparency and openness.

The Scottish government publishes Official Statistics each year which allow for comparisons to be made over longer periods of time.

Please ensure any external partners in receipt of these reports are aware of this.

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Introduction

This performance report provides information on our prevention, protection and operational response activities within the East Lothian for year 2019-20 (1st April 2019 – 30th September 2019).

The Scottish Government provides an overarching vision for public services. This vision supported by 16 National Outcomes, which demonstrate commitment to creating a more successful country, with opportunities for all of Scotland to flourish, through increasing sustainable growth. The Scottish Fire and Rescue Service (SFRS) can make a significant contribution to improving these outcomes for East Lothian by contributing to the Community Planning arrangements across the area.

The national priorities for the SFRS are set out in the Fire and Rescue Framework for Scotland. The SFRS Strategic Plan 2019-2022 outlines how the SFRS will deliver against these priorities and the outcomes against which this delivery can be measured.

The priorities contained within the Local Fire and Rescue Plan for East Lothian contribute towards the priorities within the East Lothian Plan - Single Outcome Agreement 2013 - 23.

The aims of the local Fire & Rescue Service in East Lothian are to reduce fire deaths and to reduce injuries from fire and other emergencies in the community. We aim to achieve this by working in partnership, being pro-active and targeting our prevention and protection activities to where they are required, based on evidence.

The Local Fire and Rescue Plan for East Lothian identifies the following five priorities as the main focus for service delivery locally:

Local Priorities:

- As part of a Community Partnership approach, we will make people safer in their homes.
- We will promote Community Resilience whilst contributing to improved outcomes for people involved in non-fire emergencies.
- Together with our Community Partners, we will contribute to making roads in East Lothian safer.
- As part of a Community Partnership, we will challenge anti-social behaviour.
- In partnership, we will aim to reduce the occurrence and impact of Unwanted Fire Alarm Signals.

Area Manager Stephen Gourlay

Local Senior Officer for East Lothian, Midlothian and the Scottish Borders.

stephen.gourlay@firescotland.gov.uk

Performance Summary

We measure how well we are meeting our priorities using 6 key indicators, depicted below

Key performance indicator	Apr to (& incl.) Sep					RAG rating
	2015/16	2016/17	2017/18	2018/19	2019/20	YTD
All accidental dwelling fires	41	22	35	37	23	●
All fire casualties (fatal & non-fatal (incl. p/c's))	3	2	3	4	3	●
All deliberate fires excl. dwellings	103	111	160	170	114	●
Special Service - RTCs	25	26	25	24	16	●
Special Service - Casualties	32	26	30	32	16	●
False Alarm - UFAs	238	243	264	253	283	◆

RAG rating - KEY

◆	RED DIAMOND	10% higher than the previous YTD period, or local target not achieved.
▲	YELLOW TRIANGLE	Up to 9% higher than the previous YTD period, or local target not achieved.
●	GREEN CIRCLE	Equal to or improved upon the previous equivalent quarter (or YTD period), or local target achieved.

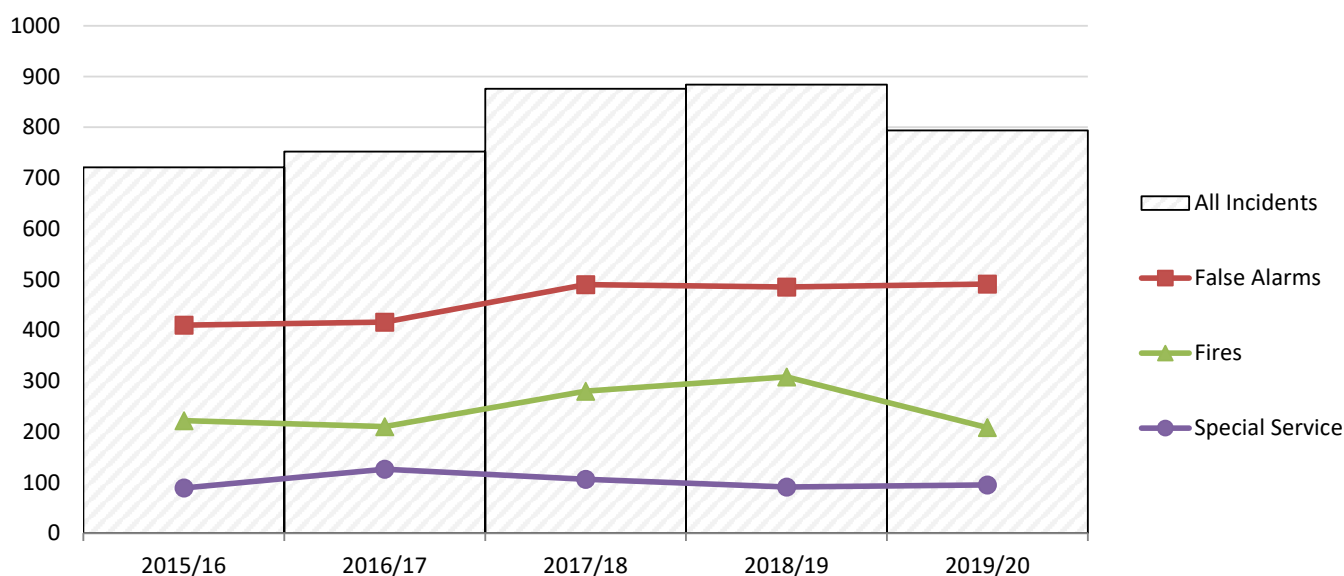
Note

Quarterly comparison RAG Rating = the reporting period compared to the average of the three previous quarterly reporting periods.
 Year to Date RAG Rating = the cumulative total of all quarterly performance in current year compared to cumulative total of all quarterly performance in previous year.

Incident Overview

During this financial year to date, SFRS responded to 794 incidents in East Lothian, an decrease of 90 incidents when compared to last year.

The chart below illustrates incidents YTD attended within East Lothian council over the last 5 fiscal years



Progress on local fire & rescue plan priorities

Local Risk Management and Preparedness

The Service must identify, prioritise and plan to meet the risks in each local community.

We said we would:

- train our staff to deal with our local risks
- gather and analyse risk information
- work with partners to mitigate risks
- deal with major events

Train our staff to deal with our local risks

All of our operational staff undertake routine and risk specific skill acquisition and maintenance training.

Gather and analyse risk information

All of our operational staff gather and analyse local risk information and operational intelligence, used in our preparations to resolve incidents.

We conduct Post Incident Debriefs to identify any lessons that can be learned from our preparedness and response to emergency events.

We use Urgent Operational Intelligence Briefings to inform our operational staff of any safety critical information.

Work with partners to mitigate risks

We continue to be an active member of the East Local Resilience Partnership. We share information with local authority partners and other key stakeholders (e.g. Police Scotland) to ensure emergency event risks are mitigated.

Deal with major events

There were no major fire events or significant emergency events in this reporting period.

*

Reduction of 'All accidental dwelling fires'

Accidental dwelling fires can have devastating effects on our community. The SFRS is committed to keeping people safe in their homes. We share information with partners to make sure that the right people get the right information they need, particularly those who are vulnerable due to age, isolation or addiction. Reduction of Accidental Dwelling Fires contributes to the East Lothian Plan - Single Outcome Agreement.

Results

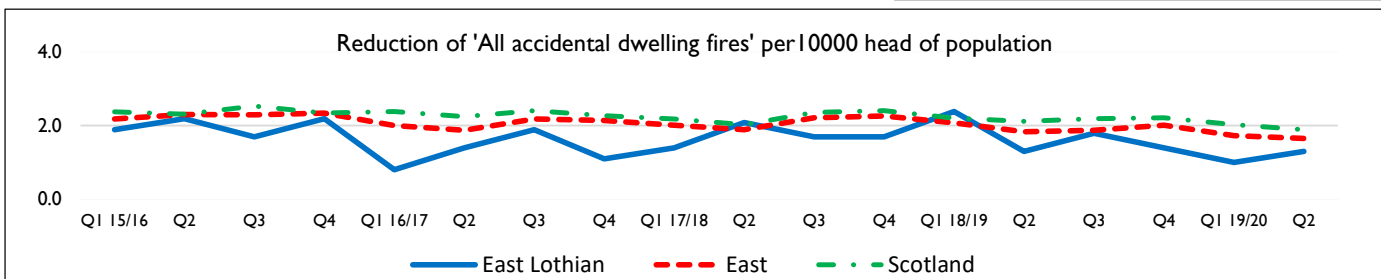
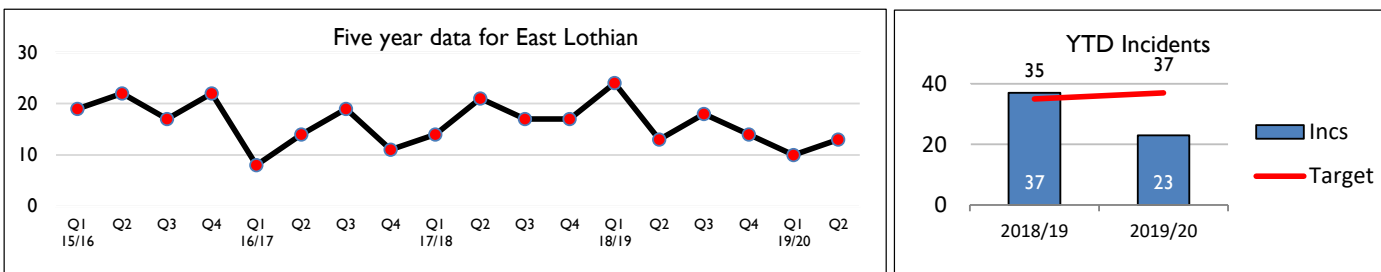
We aim to reduce Accidental Dwelling Fires in East Lothian by contributing towards the SFRS target of 10% reduction per year, over a three-year rolling period. During this period, we responded to 23 Accidental Dwelling Fires, which is a reduction of 36% or 13 incidents from the same period last year. The long-term trend based upon incidents/10,000 population is below the Scottish and East Delivery Area trends.

Reasons

Of these 23 accidental dwelling fires, 65% occurred in single occupancy households. 13% involved the over 65 age category. The main causes were cooking (47%) and Faulty Electrical supplies (21%). 52% of the reported fires started in the kitchen. 87% of the fires were confined to the item first ignited or the room where the fire started. Houses involved have benefited from our SFRS Post Domestic Incident Response procedure. 69% of the dwellings involved had working smoke detectors. It is clear we need to target those at risk in single occupancy households, ensuring those properties have working smoke detection.

Actions

During this reporting period, 963 Home Fire Safety Visits were carried within East Lothian. A number of initiatives and events aimed at reducing accidental dwelling fires were conducted. We have introduced a 'Post Domestic Incident Response' Policy, which provides a framework to ensure that engagement activity is completed in a structured and appropriate manner following incidents. Appendix I provides further details on our prevention activities in relation to this priority.



YTD ward ave. for East Lothian - 4	2015/16	2016/17	2017/18	2018/19	2019/20	Sparklines
East Lothian	41	22	35	37	23	
Musselburgh	11	4	7	10	6	
Preston, Seton & Gosford	8	4	9	4	6	
Tranent, Wallyford & Macmerry	3	4	2	6	5	
North Berwick Coastal	5	5	7	7	1	
Haddington & Lammermuir	8	1	6	7	5	
Dunbar & East Linton	6	4	4	3	0	

Reduction of 'All fire casualties (fatal & non-fatal (incl. p/c's))'

Fire casualty and fatality rates provide an indication of the amount of serious, life-threatening injuries that occur due to fire. This can indicate not only the success of SFRS in reducing the number of life risk fires through community fire safety and similar activities, but also their success in response activity in saving lives.

Results

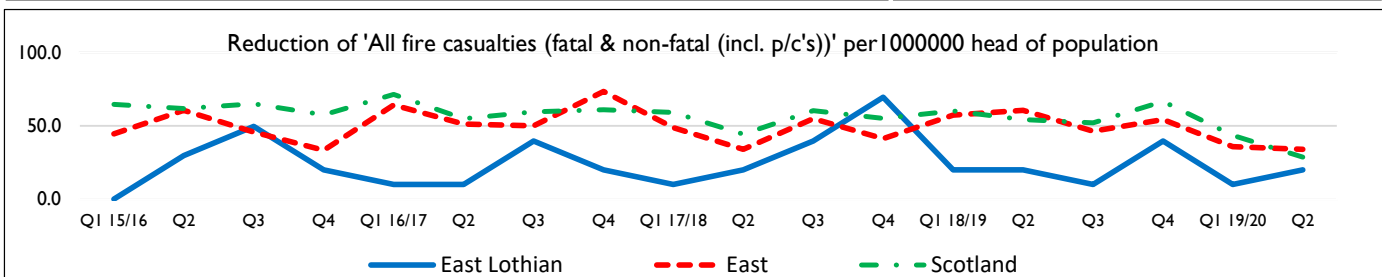
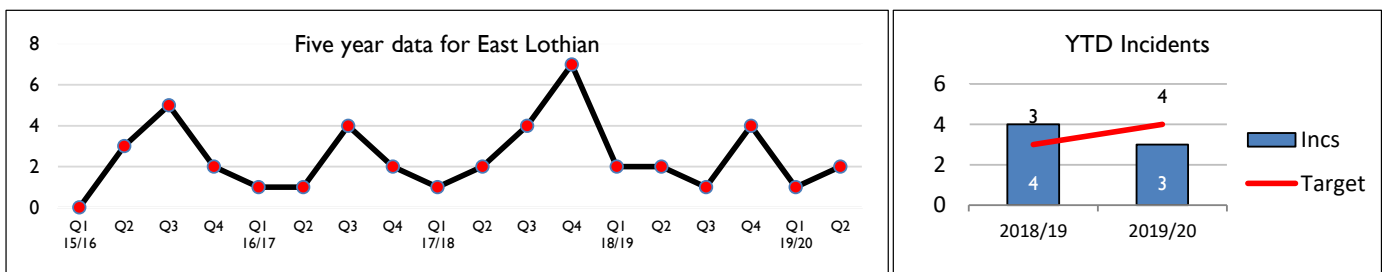
There were no reported fire fatalities, in the 6-month period. We aim to reduce Fire Casualties in East Lothian each per year, which contributes towards the SFRS target of reducing Fire Casualties by 5% per year, over a three-year rolling period. In this reporting period, SFRS dealt with 3 casualties. This is a decrease of 1 in comparison to the same period last year. The long-term trend based upon casualties/10,000 population shows East Lothian is lower than the Scottish average and East SDA average.

Reasons

Historically East Lothian has had low numbers of casualties from fires and that trend continues with numbers falling from 4 to 3 from the same period last year.

Actions

During this reporting period, 963 Home Fire Safety Visits were carried out and over 1,000 smoke detectors were fitted within East Lothian. We continue to work with our partners in East Lothian Council and seek opportunities with social work and NHS to target those most vulnerable and at risk from fire. 105 referrals were received from our partner agencies.



YTD ward ave. for East Lothian - I	2015/16	2016/17	2017/18	2018/19	2019/20	Sparklines
East Lothian	3	2	3	4	3	
Musselburgh	0	0	0	1	0	
Preston, Seton & Gosford	0	1	0	0	2	
Tranent, Wallyford & Macmerry	0	0	0	0	0	
North Berwick Coastal	1	0	1	2	0	
Haddington & Lammermuir	2	0	1	1	1	
Dunbar & East Linton	0	1	1	0	0	

Reduction of 'All deliberate fires excl. dwellings'

Although deliberate fire setting, historically, has not been a significant problem for the SFRS in East Lothian there has been an increase in recent years and is closely linked to other forms of anti-social behaviour. In the main, deliberate fires are secondary fires categorised into refuse/bins, grassland or derelict buildings incidents. Reduction of Deliberate Fire Setting contributes to the East Lothian Plan Single Outcome Agreement.

Results

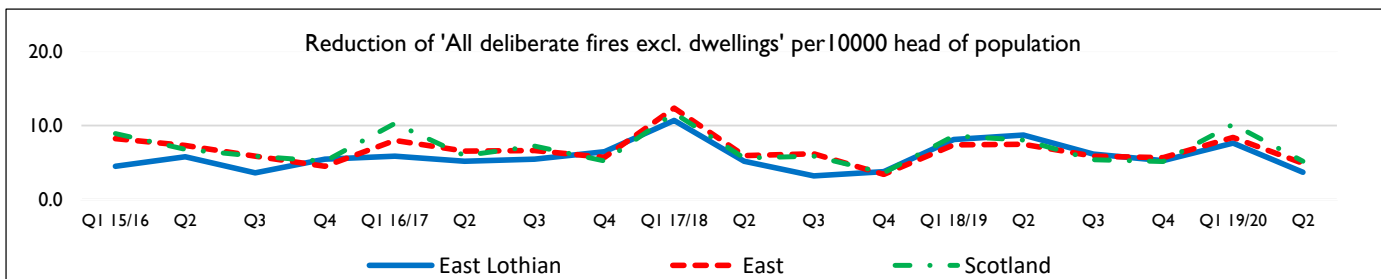
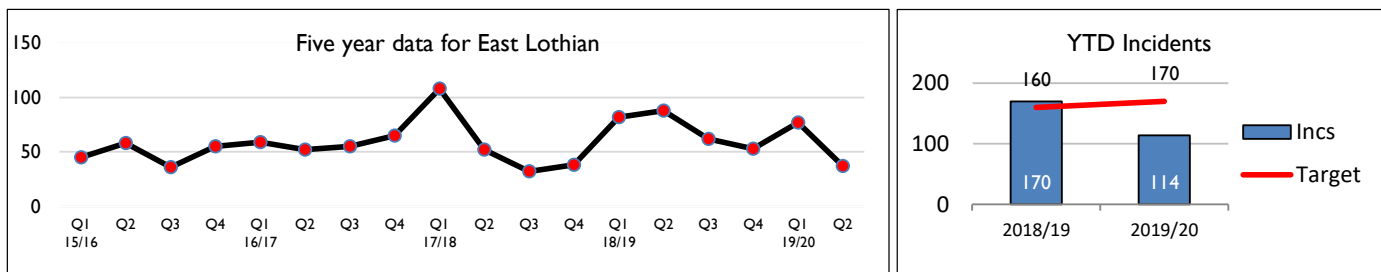
There were 114 deliberate fires during this reporting period. The areas mostly likely to suffer from this type of fire behaviour are Prestonpans, Tranent, Haddington and Musselburgh. This is a decrease of 56 deliberate fire incidents on the same period last year. The long-term trend based upon Deliberate Fire Setting /10,000 population identifies East Lothian is below the Scottish and East Service Delivery area average.

Reasons

During the reporting period, deliberate ignition to scrubland/woodland accounted for 24% of deliberate fires with 22% to refuse and bins in East Lothian, with only 1 deliberate building fire. Musselburgh shows a significant increase in incidents involving deliberate secondary fires.

Actions

A multi-agency approach was taken when the incident trend was identified through the TACG. There has been a coordinated approach to the identified trend areas and intervention work has been undertaken with youth groups in Musselburgh, Tranent and Preston Pans. Further information is available in Appendix I.



YTD ward ave. for East Lothian - 19	2015/16	2016/17	2017/18	2018/19	2019/20	Sparklines
East Lothian	103	111	160	170	114	
Musselburgh	23	15	26	26	47	
Preston, Seton & Gosford	25	30	37	41	20	
Tranent, Wallyford & Macmerry	26	41	53	49	18	
North Berwick Coastal	4	6	1	7	3	
Haddington & Lammermuir	13	11	23	32	11	
Dunbar & East Linton	12	8	20	15	15	

Reduction of 'Special Service - RTCs'

Whilst much of this risk is out with the control of SFRS alone, responding to Non-Fire Emergencies such as Road Traffic Collisions is a key part of our intervention activities. The SFRS is committed to working with partners and other stakeholders to drive continuous improvement in this area. Reduction of Casualties from Non-Fire Emergencies contributes to the East Lothian Plan Single Outcome Agreement, number of people killed or seriously injured in road accidents.

Results

SFRS attended 16 Road Traffic Collisions (RTCs) during this reporting period. This is a decrease of 8 incidents from the same period last year. Per 10,000 head of population, East Lothian is below the Scottish and East Service Delivery area trend.

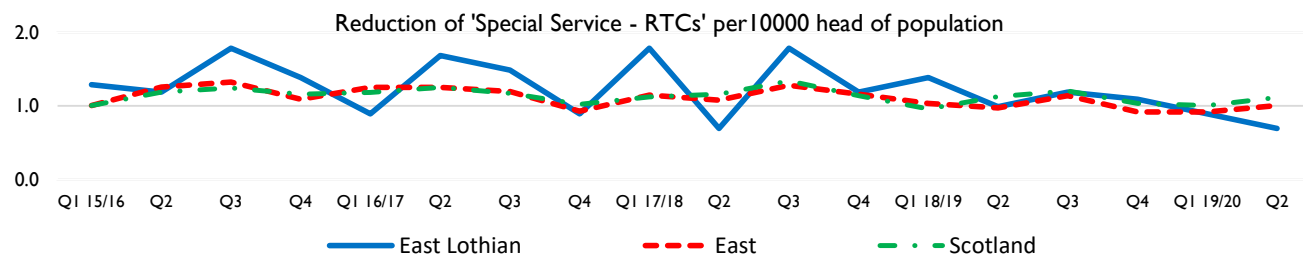
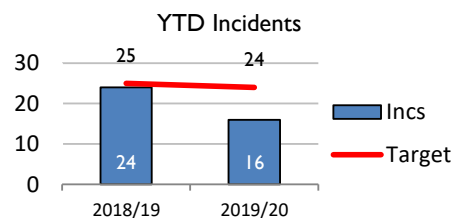
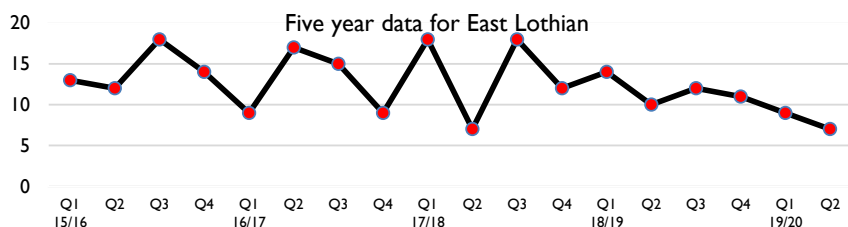
Reasons

The SFRS only attend those RTC's they are requested to attend and this number does not reflect the total number within East Lothian.

Actions

The SFRS continues to be a member of a multi-agency approach to reducing Road Traffic Collision's and the associated casualties and fatalities. The continued delivery of Tomorrow's Driver programme targeting young people is an excellent partnership approach in our drive to reduce road traffic collisions.

We continue to seek opportunities to educate local communities in support of reducing the number of RTCs and resulting casualties.



YTD ward ave. for East Lothian - 3	2015/16	2016/17	2017/18	2018/19	2019/20	Sparklines
East Lothian	25	26	25	24	16	
Musselburgh	8	5	4	3	6	
Preston, Seton & Gosford	5	1	3	3	4	
Tranent, Wallyford & Macmerry	4	4	6	5	2	
North Berwick Coastal	2	9	4	6	0	
Haddington & Lammermuir	1	2	5	1	3	
Dunbar & East Linton	5	5	3	6	1	

Reduction of 'Special Service - Casualties'

Whilst much of this risk is out with the control of SFRS alone, responding to Non-Fire Emergencies is a key part of our intervention activities. The SFRS is committed to working with partners and other stakeholders to drive continuous improvement in this area. Reduction of Casualties from Non-Fire Emergencies contributes to the East Lothian Plan Single Outcome Agreement.

Results

We attended to 16 casualties from non-fire emergencies in East Lothian, which is a decrease of 16 compared with 2018/19. The trend per 10,000 head of population is below the average of the Scottish and East service delivery areas.

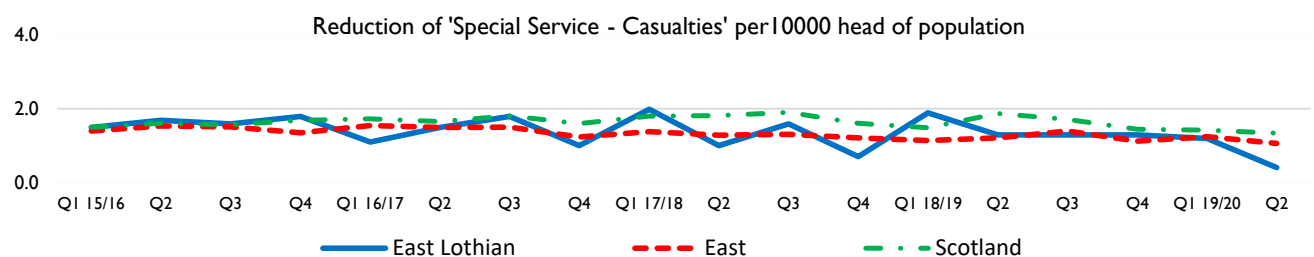
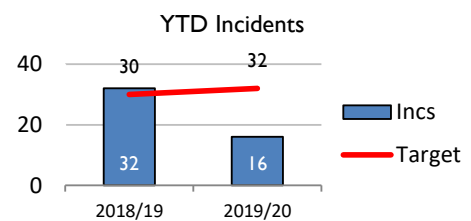
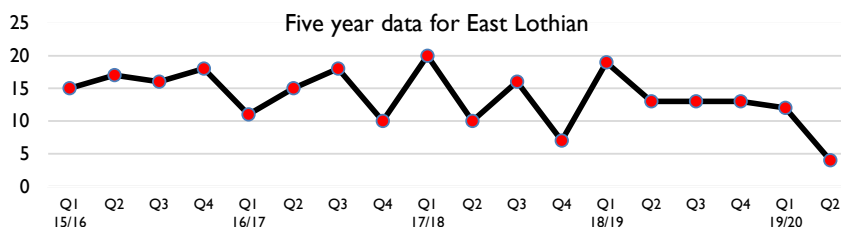
Reasons

We attended RTCs that resulted in 0 fatalities and 11 non fatal casualties in East Lothian. SFRS helped 5 other casualties in a range of incidents including medical response and effecting entry to assist other agencies.

As the SFRS continue to assist with medical emergencies as co or first responders, the number of events is likely to increase.

Actions

The SFRS is a member of a multi-agency approach to reducing Road Traffic Collision's and the associated casualties and fatalities. The continued delivery of Tomorrow's Driver programme targeting young people is an excellent partnership approach to reducing road traffic collisions. We continue our full commitment to the Scottish Government Strategy relating to Out of Hospital Cardiac Arrest (OHCA) and significantly increasing survivability rates through co responding and education. We will also continue to respond to the communities needs in terms of other non-fire emergencies.



YTD ward ave. for East Lothian - 3	2015/16	2016/17	2017/18	2018/19	2019/20	Sparklines
East Lothian	32	26	30	32	16	
Musselburgh	10	7	6	2	7	
Preston, Seton & Gosford	11	4	2	4	2	
Tranent, Wallyford & Macmerry	3	5	3	3	1	
North Berwick Coastal	2	5	7	9	2	
Haddington & Lammermuir	1	2	6	3	3	
Dunbar & East Linton	5	3	6	11	1	

Reduction of 'False Alarm - UFAs'

Unwanted Fire Alarm Signals (UFAS) are defined as incidents where an automated fire alarm system activates and results in the mobilisation of SFRS resources, when the reason for that alarm turns out to be connected with faulty or defective alarm equipment. The SFRS is committed to working with partners and other stakeholders to reduce Unwanted Fire Alarm Signals.

Results

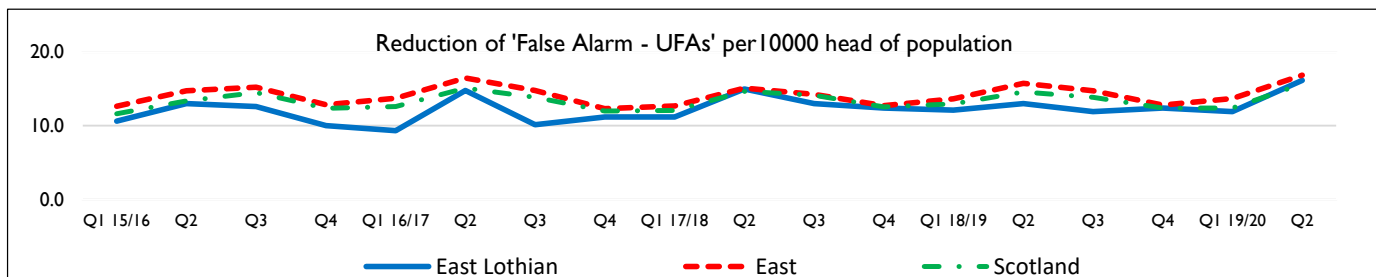
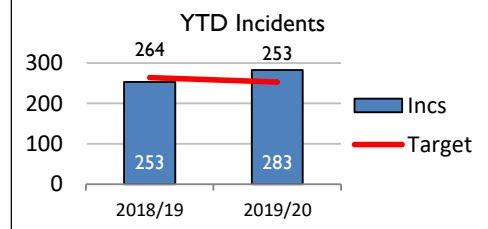
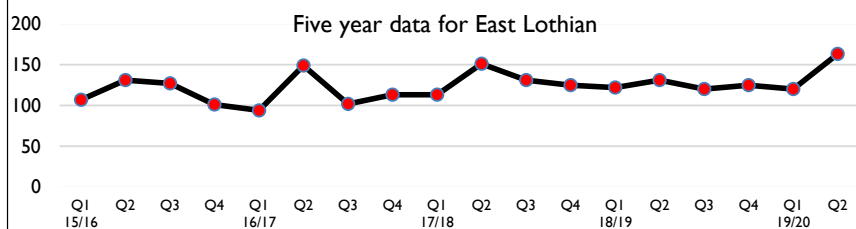
SFRS attended 283 UFAS incidents during this reporting period. In comparison to last year, this is a increase of 30 incidents. East Lothian trend is in line with that of Scotland and the East Service Delivery area.

Reasons

Of the 283 Unwanted Fire Alarm Signals incidents we attended, 90% were caused by system and human errors (Testing, faults, cooking/burnt toast, aerosols etc.), 4% were good intent calls and 6% were malicious.

Actions

We continue to monitor UFAS calls and our Fire Safety Enforcement Officers work closely with premises to reduce further UFAS incidents. This includes discussing technological, procedural and management solutions in order to prevent future UFAS incidents. These proactive actions are clearly having a positive impact in reducing the number of calls to premises.



YTD ward ave. for East Lothian - 47	2015/16	2016/17	2017/18	2018/19	2019/20	Sparklines
East Lothian	238	243	264	253	283	
Musselburgh	79	76	74	71	72	
Preston, Seton & Gosford	20	15	37	19	29	
Tranent, Wallyford & Macmerry	34	38	47	46	35	
North Berwick Coastal	44	44	31	44	40	
Haddington & Lammermuir	40	40	55	45	71	
Dunbar & East Linton	21	30	20	28	36	

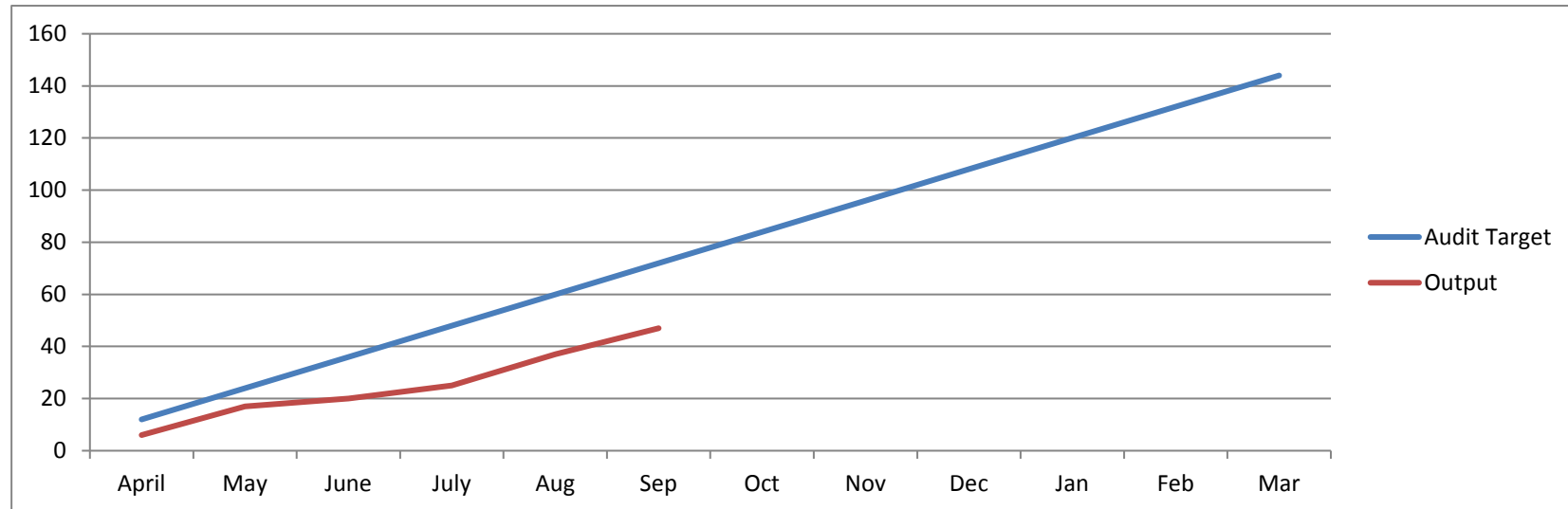
Prevention & Protection Activities

Year to date April 1st 2019 – September 30th 2020

Fire Safety Enforcement Audits

The figures represent the audit workloads delivered by the East Lothian Fire Safety Enforcement Officer (FSEO). Following the Scottish Fire and Rescue Service (SFRS) Enforcement Framework, local deployment ensures compliance for relevant premises in terms of the Fire Scotland Act (2005) and associated Fire Safety Regulations. As can be seen, we are currently below YTD targets. This is due to a 50% reduction in trained FSEOs early this year. New Officers are now in position and are being trained. Senior members of the FSE team are supporting the development of our new colleagues and we are confident that annual targets will be achieved as the new Officers become competent.

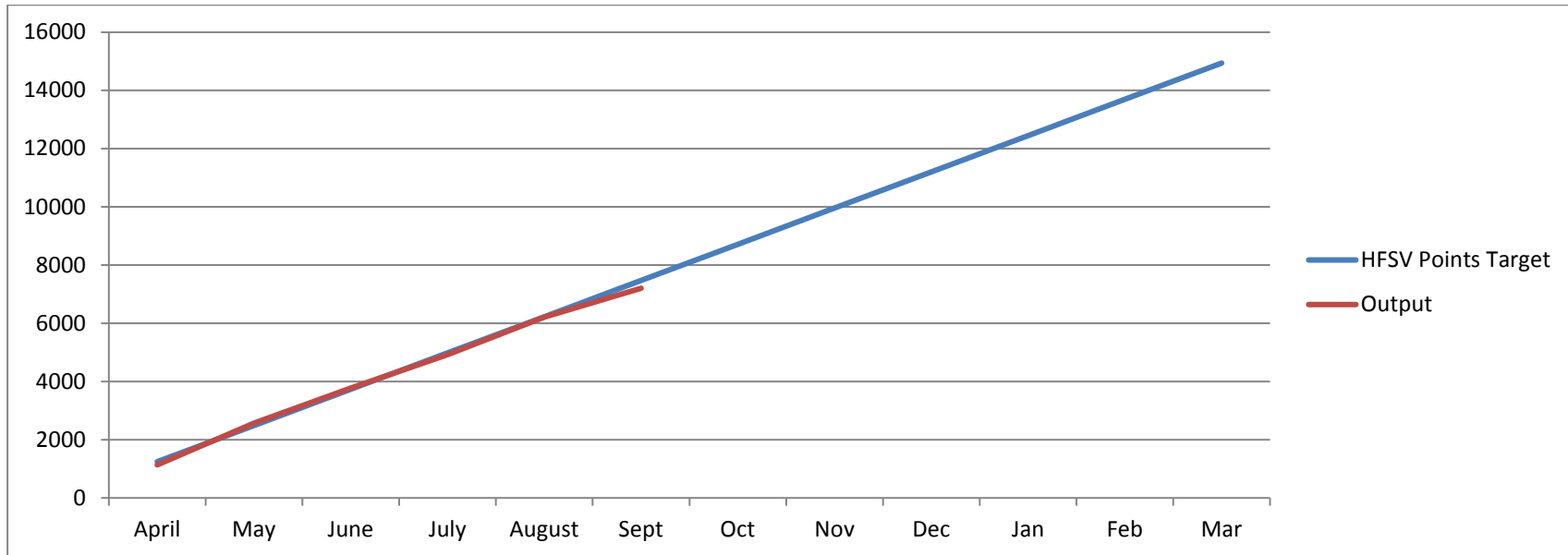
	Apr	May	Jun	Jul	Aug	Sept	Oct	Nov	Dec	Jan	Feb	Mar	Total
Target:	12	24	36	48	60	72	84	96	108	120	132	144	144
Completed:	6	17	20	25	37	47							



Home Fire Safety Visits

The delivery of Home Fire Safety Visits (HFSVs) is the corner stone of the SFRS Community Safety Engagement Framework. By visiting households and providing fire safety advice and free smoke alarms the numbers of dwelling fires and casualties will be reduced. To target the highest risk households across East Lothian, a point's allocation based on risk and an associated target has been set (24 points per high, 8 per medium, 4 per low risk visit). We are currently below YTD targets, however, we are confident that our HFSV programme is targeting those individuals and households that are at a greater risk of fire. During this period **466** HFSVs were carried out.

	Apr	May	Jun	Jul	Aug	Sept	Oct	Nov	Dec	Jan	Feb	Mar	Total
Target	1245	2490	3735	4980	6225	7470	8715	9960	11205	12450	13695	14940	14940
Completed	1308	2184	3540	4760	5836	6748							



Total visits delivered in April 2019 to September 2020 by ward area of East Lothian:

The following table gives a good indication of the coverage across East Lothian where the SFRS delivers Home Fire Safety Visits.

Ward Area	Visits delivered QRTs 1&2 2019/20
Dunbar and East Linton	38
Fa'side	77
Haddington and Lammermuir	32
Musselburgh East and Carberry	92
Musselburgh West	94
North Berwick Coastal	44
Preston/Seton/Gosford	89
TOTAL	466

Partnership Working

Youth Engagement

- During this period, the Community Action Team (CAT) have supported and delivered youth engagement programmes, including, Cool Down and the Risk Factory in Midlothian/East Lothian and City of Edinburgh. In addition to these programmes, the (CAT) were involved in the delivery of two Fireskills Employability Award programmes at Polmont young offenders.
- Fireskills courses have been delivered several schools across the LSO area very positive feedback received from participants and school staff
- Local staff supported delivery of the '2 Moro's Driver' events at the Brunton Hall, Musselburgh.
- Local SFRS staff have worked with **5** individuals as part of our **FIRE**setter Intervention and Re-Education Scheme (**FIREs**)

Vulnerable Adults

- The local crews within East Lothian have generated **5** Adult and **1** Child Protection referrals to Social Services.
- Our CAT have completed **13** Enhanced Home Fire Safety visits to vulnerable adults.
- The Local Authority Liaison Officer (LALO) continues to attend and provide information relevant to Fire for the monthly Multi Agency Risk Conference (MARAC).

Home Safety Visit Referrals

Referrals from partner agencies continue to support our aim of identifying those at greatest risk of fire within the home. Some example of those referrers below;

- East Lothian Community Access Team = **49**
- NHS = **7**
- Police Scotland = **6**
- Housing Associations = **13**
- Social Services = **13**

A total of **258** self-referrals were received via our Community Safety Toolkit (CSET).

Living Safely in the Home (LSITH) pilot project has generated **2** referrals to the East Lothian Falls Team.

Other Work Completed or In Progress

Initiatives and objectives detailed below relates to work that our local staff have completed or are progressing.

- East Lothian CAT have supported two Drivewise events held in the Scottish Borders during this period.
- SFRS have also supported the highly regarded and successful '2Moro's Driver' driver events held in August at the Brunton Hall, Musselburgh.
- The CAT continues to support one Wholetime and five RDS stations within the MELSB area with the Seasonal Thematic Action Plans.
- Local area SFRS staff attend the weekly TACG meetings in East Lothian.
- SFRS have delivered several Home Fire Safety (HFS) awareness sessions at East/Midlothian Public Protection (EMPPPO) training events during this reporting period. This exercise also generates HFSVs, providing focus on those who are at greater risk of fire within the home environment.
- The LALO has delivered 4 HFSV referral training sessions for members of NHS staff at the Brunton Hall.
- Our Community Action Team provided Fire Safety awareness advice at the Haddington agriculture show in partnership with Police Scotland.
- SFRS staff have been working with ELPARC to support prevention measures regarding Rural Crime, including wilful fire raising.
- In addition to carrying out HFSV's SFRS staff have been involved in **33** Community Safety Events including Fire Safety Talks to schools and groups, Anti-social Behaviour talks to schools, Leaflet Drops, attending Open Days and liaising with other services to provide safety advice to the residents of Midlothian helping to support our Local Outcomes.

REPORT TO: Police, Fire and Community Safety Scrutiny Committee

MEETING DATE: 14 November 2019

BY: Depute Chief Executive (Partnerships & Community Services)

SUBJECT: Tackling Antisocial Behaviour

7

1 PURPOSE

To advise the Committee on the number, type and geographical breakdown of antisocial behaviour complaints investigated by East Lothian Council during the reporting period (1 April 2019 to 30 September 2019) and to advise on actions taken in response to same.

2 RECOMMENDATIONS

2.1 The Committee is asked to note the terms of the report.

3 BACKGROUND

3.1 The Council, Police Scotland, the Scottish Fire and Rescue Service and other partner agencies continue to address antisocial behaviour complaints by formulating multi-agency and tailored responses.

3.2 The principal statutory basis for taking action against those who behave in an antisocial behaviour manner is the Antisocial Behaviour etc. (Scotland) Act 2004 supported by the Housing (Scotland) Act 2001, with the legislation being applied locally by partners via the Antisocial Behaviour Policy.

3.3 The key factor in determining who has the initial responsibility in dealing with property-based antisocial behaviour is the tenure of the alleged perpetrator. In the social rented sector, the landlord holds this responsibility, with the Antisocial Behaviour Team being the agency of first instance in the private sector. Social Landlords will pass their more serious and complex cases to this team normally on the issuing of a third warning to the alleged perpetrator under the said policy.

3.4 The decision making body in *serious cases* is the multi-agency Antisocial Behaviour Case Monitoring Group; there are currently 80 cases before the group.

3.5 The vast majority of complaints are addressed without the need to raise legal proceedings. The Antisocial Behaviour Policy offers a suite of

interventions including, *amongst other things*: mediation; the provision of advice and support; the issuing of warnings; the signing of Acceptable Behaviour Agreements; and the issuing of Fixed Penalty Notices. *The primary focus of all interventions is to prevent a recurrence of the behaviour complained of.*

- 3.6 *Group related antisocial behaviour* requires a cross-agency co-ordinated response, with this being achieved locally via the police-chaired, weekly, and evidence led, Tasking and Co-ordinating Group made up of representatives drawn from Police Scotland, East Lothian Council and the Scottish Fire and Rescue Service.
- 3.7 Acute problems unique to specific geographical areas are addressed via bespoke multi-agency Problem Solving Partnerships (PSPs). During the reporting period, there were three PSPs in operation; one established to address the youth related antisocial behaviour manifesting itself at Lochend Woods / Ashfield Park, Dunbar, the second formed to tackle the property-based antisocial behaviour affecting residents of Goose Green Avenue, Musselburgh and the third initiated to combat the youth disorder evident within the locality of the Brunton Hall.
- 3.8 The number of antisocial complaints investigated by the Council during the reporting period shows a mild decrease from a figure of 832 progressed between 1 April 2018 and 30 September 2018 to 820 investigated during the respective period in 2019.
- 3.9 Appendix 1 shows a graph containing a linear analysis of antisocial behaviour complaints made to East Lothian Council over the last seven financial years.
- 3.10 Of the 820 cases progressed, 400 related to different categories of noise, with 157 pertaining to youth related antisocial behaviour. The remaining complaints consisted of, *inter alia*, the issuing of threats, vandalism, aggression towards staff and drug and alcohol related antisocial behaviour. A substantial number of the complaints received were multi-faceted. Around 15% of the complaints registered were made within the context of what can be described as neighbour disputes. In terms of locus, 30% of the 820 complaints were received from Musselburgh and the surrounding environs 17% from Tranent, 17% from Dunbar, 12% from Prestonpans, 16% from Haddington and 8% from North Berwick. The diagram at Appendix 2 offers a visual representation of this geographical breakdown.
- 3.11 During the reporting period, nine individuals were identified as being “repeat complainers” i.e. those have complained on more than three occasions about the same subject matter. Those cases are reviewed on a weekly basis by the council funded Police Liaison Officer and the Team Leader at the Antisocial Behaviour Team.
- 3.12 The Council continues to raise legal proceedings against those engaged in *the most serious and persistent forms of antisocial behaviour*. There are currently 48 live Antisocial Behaviour Orders (ASBOs) in East Lothian.

- 3.13 There are currently 9 live applications before Edinburgh Sheriff Court. Of those in receipt of ASBOs, 14 are domiciled in Musselburgh, one in Tranent, one in Macmerry, 7 in Dunbar, 5 in Prestonpans, 3 in Port Seton / Cockenzie, 9 in Haddington, 2 in North Berwick and one in Gullane. The other five Defenders are alleged members of a Serious and Organised Crime Group with addresses in England.
- 3.14 There are currently two antisocial behaviour related eviction cases before Edinburgh Sheriff Court.
- 3.15 Since 1 August 2017, 403 referrals have been made to the Resolution Service from a variety of sources; including, the Safer Communities Team, Police Scotland, Elected Members, Local Area Housing Teams and other social landlords. Of those referrals, 213 have resulted in full written Agreements. The remaining cases were closed for a variety of different reasons; including, non-engagement of parties, irreconcilable differences, mental health concerns pertaining to at least one of the parties and ongoing criminal prosecutions.
- 3.16 In December 2019, the Antisocial Behaviour Overview Group will be asked to approve a consultation version of a new three-year Antisocial Behaviour Strategy. The emphasis will be on prevention, early intervention, joint agency working and the continued involvement of communities in finding solutions to problems that affect their neighbourhoods. The Strategy will go out for consultation in early 2020.

4 POLICY IMPLICATIONS

- 4.1 None.

5 INTEGRATED IMPACT ASSESSMENT

- 5.1 The subject of this report has been through the Integrated Impact Assessment process and no negative impacts have been identified.

6 RESOURCE IMPLICATIONS

- 6.1 Financial – none.
- 6.2 Personnel – none.
- 6.3 Other – none.

7 BACKGROUND PAPERS

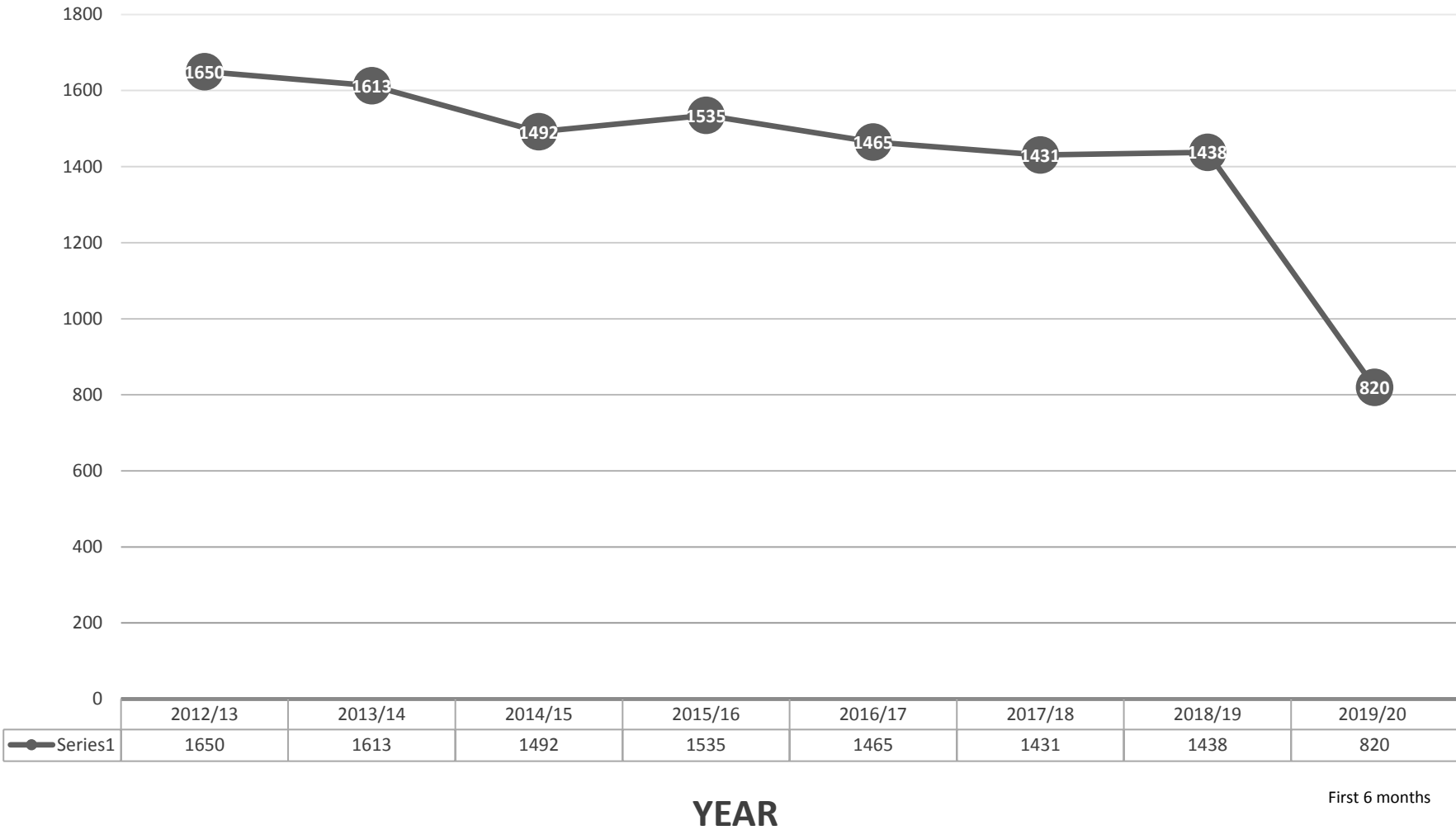
- 7.1 None.

Appendix 1: Graph – Antisocial Behaviour Complaints made to East Lothian Council 2012-2019.

Appendix 2: Chart showing geographical breakdown of antisocial behaviour cases (April – September 2019).

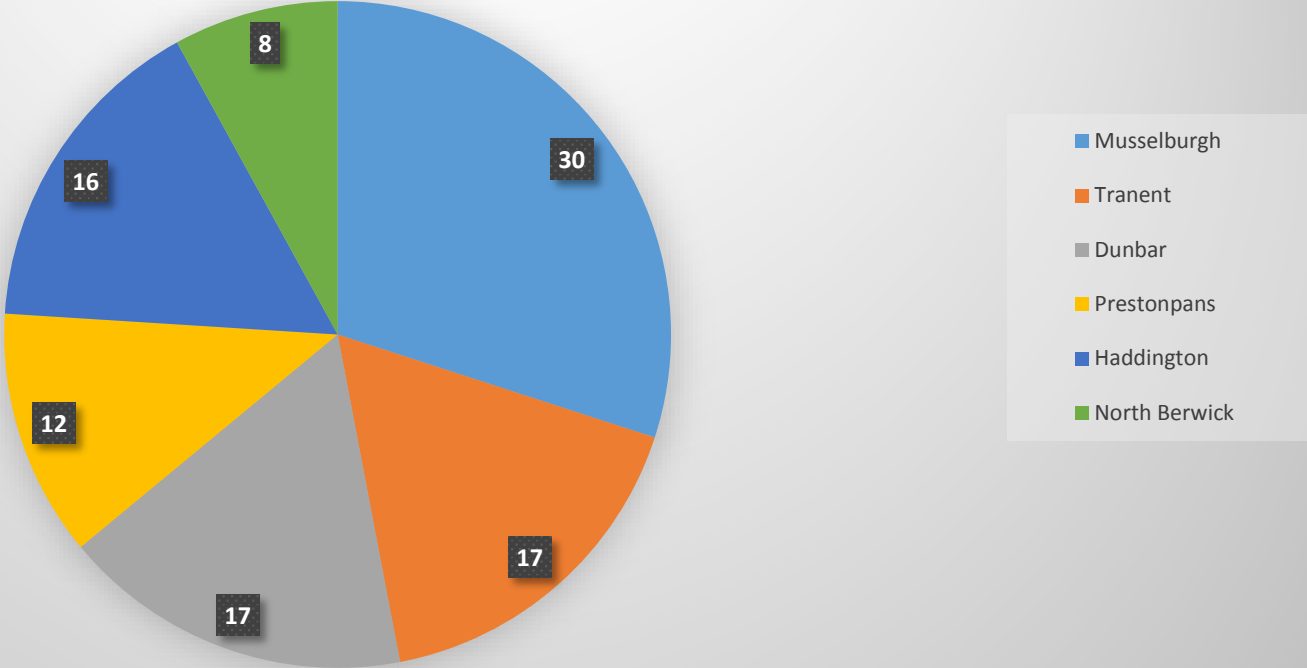
AUTHOR'S NAME	Kenneth Black
DESIGNATION	Team Manager Safer Communities Team
CONTACT INFO	01620 829 919
DATE	30 October 2019

Number of Antisocial Behaviour Calls made to East Lothian Council



Appendix 2

**Geographical Breakdown of Antisocial Behaviour Cases %
1st April 2019 - 30th September 2019**



REPORT TO: Police, Fire and Community Safety Scrutiny Committee
MEETING DATE: 14th November 2019
BY: Depute Chief Executive (Partnerships & Community Services)
SUBJECT: Strategic Police Priorities; Scottish Government Consultation

8

1 PURPOSE

- 1.1 To inform Committee of the council's response to the Scottish Government's consultation on the Strategic Police Priorities.

2 RECOMMENDATIONS

- 2.1 The Committee is asked to note the Council's response to the Scottish Government consultation on the Strategic Police Priorities.

3 BACKGROUND

- 3.1 The Scottish Government undertook a consultation on the Strategic Police Priorities from July to 4 October, 2019. A weblink to the consultation document is provided below:

<https://consult.gov.scot/safer-communities/review-of-strategic-police-priorities/>

- 3.2 The consultation proposed six new Strategic Police Priorities (SPPs) to replace the seven SPPs that were set in October 2016. The seven current SPPs are:

- Localism
- Inclusion
- Prevention
- Response
- Collaborative working
- Accountability
- Adaptability

- 3.3 The SPPs, which are set by Scottish Ministers, set the high level strategic directions for the policing of Scotland and the carrying out of the functions of the Scottish Police Authority. Both the Strategic and Annual Police Plans must have regard to the SPPs.
- 3.4 In developing the new SPPs the Scottish Government discussed their thinking with a range of organisations who have a direct interest in policing in Scotland. Key themes which emerged from these discussions included:
- reinforcing the importance of an open and transparent governance framework for the police service, including planning and performance;
 - ensuring the SPPs reinforce the importance and value of the workforce;
 - evidence of demand as a key driver for the development and delivery of the service;
 - tackling crime should remain a core priority for the service;
 - being as clear as possible about the role of the police service in delivering services with partners;
 - the need for a continued focus on local policing, within the context of a national police service; and
 - the importance of service transformation to delivering effective and sustainable services.
- 3.5 The draft SPPs are strategic and concise to enable the Scottish Police Authority and Police Scotland to further define the outcomes, objectives and actions which flow from this high-level direction.
- 3.6 The proposed six Strategic Police Priorities are as follows:
- Crime and Security** – prioritises prevention, investigation, equality and human rights to support positive criminal justice outcomes, respond to current and emerging threats and maintain public order.
- Confidence** – continues to inspire public trust by being ethical, open and transparent, evidencing performance against outcomes, and building on a positive reputation at a local, national and international level.
- Partnerships** – works proactively with partners to maintain safe communities and support improved outcomes for individuals, increasing resilience and addressing vulnerability.
- Sustainability** – adapts to present and plans for future social and economic circumstances, considering the environmental impact of policing and its operations.
- People** – values, supports, engages and empowers a diverse workforce to lead and deliver high quality services.

Evidence – uses evidence to develop services and addresses current and emerging demands, ensuring that the right capacity and skills are in place to deliver high performing and innovative services.

- 3.7 The deadline for responses to the consultation was 4th October 2019. Since there was not time to put a draft response to a meeting of the Police, Fire and Community Safety Committee before the deadline for responses, Committee Members were sent the consultation paper and asked for comments. A draft response was then shared with the Convener of the Committee before it was submitted on behalf of the council by officers – see Appendix 1.
- 3.8 The substantive comment made in the council’s response is concern that the new SPPs do not include ‘Localism’ which is one of the current SPPs. This is particularly concerning since one of the themes that emerged from the discussions on the new SPPs was “The need for a continued focus on local policing, within the context of a national police force.”
- 3.9 The council’s response made the point that “We would want the SPPs to include a focus on ‘Localism’, ensuring that the national police force continues to focus on local policing to ensure it maintains the confidence and trust of the public.”

4 POLICY IMPLICATIONS

- 4.1 There are no policy implications arising from this report or the consultation on the Strategic Police Priorities.

5 INTEGRATED IMPACT ASSESSMENT

- 5.1 The subject of this report does not affect the wellbeing of the community or have a significant impact on equality, the environment or economy.

6 RESOURCE IMPLICATIONS

- 6.1 Financial – none.
- 6.2 Personnel – none.
- 6.3 Other – none.

7 BACKGROUND PAPERS

- 7.1 None.

Appendix 1: Council Response to the Consultation on Strategic Police Priorities

AUTHOR'S NAME	Paolo Vestri
DESIGNATION	Service Manager Corporate Policy & Improvement
CONTACT INFO	pvestri@eastlothian.gov.uk
DATE	5 th November 2019

Appendix 1: Council Response to the Consultation on the Strategic Police Priorities

1. To what extent do the revised Strategic Police Priorities meet your expectations for what the Scottish Police Authority and the Police Service should focus on in the future?

- a. Fully
- b. Partially X
- c. Not at all

Please provide reasons for your response.

One of the themes that emerged from the discussions on the new SPPs was 'The need for a continued focus on local policing, within the context of a national police force.' However, the draft SPPs do not explicitly refer to 'Localism' as a priority.

We are not sure why 'Evidence' has been included as an SPP as it is self-evident that any public body would develop policies, strategies and services that are 'evidence based'.

2. Do the revised Strategic Police Priorities reflect your needs?

- a. Fully
- b. Partially X
- c. Not at all

Please provide reasons for your response.

We would want the SPPs to include a focus on 'Localism', ensuring that the national police force continues to focus on local policing to ensure it maintains the confidence and trust of the public.

3. Do the revised Strategic Police Priorities reflect the needs of your community?

- a. Fully
- b. Partially X
- c. Not at all

Please provide reasons for your response.

See response to 2.

4. Do you agree that the revised Strategic Police Priorities should be in place for a period of 6 years? Please provide reasons for your response?

We agree that the SPPs should be in place for a period longer than 3 years but not sure that they should be in place for as long as 6 years.

5. How do you think the progress towards delivering the Strategic Police Priorities should be measured?

We agree that nationally progress towards delivering the SPPs should be reviewed through the Annual Review of Policing and regular reports to the Scottish Police Authority. It is also important that performance reports to local authority police scrutiny committees include monitoring of the delivery of the SPPs to allow local elected members and communities to scrutinise and review progress in delivering SPPs within the local context.

6. Do you have any comments to make on our partial equalities impact assessment?

No

Police, Fire and Community Safety Scrutiny Committee: Work Programme 2019/20

Date	Performance Monitoring/ Inspection Reports	Other Reports / Reports Requested by Members
Thursday 14 Nov 2019 (2pm)	Police Scotland Scrutiny Report Q1 and Q2 Fire Service Local Performance Report Q1 and Q2	ELC Antisocial Behaviour Report Police Scotland Contract Assessment Model Scottish Government Consultation on Strategic Police Priorities
Thursday 14 May 2020 (2pm)	Police Scotland Scrutiny Report Q3 and Q4 Fire Service Local Performance Report Q3 and Q4	ELC Antisocial Behaviour Report