East Lothian Partnership

East Lothian by Numbers

A Statistical Profile of East Lothian

4. Education and Lifelong Learning

2022

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The number of East Lothian primary school children achieving the expected levels for Reading, Writing, Listening & Talking, Literacy and Numeracy was below the national average in 2020/21. There are large differences in school leaver attainment across the SIMD quintiles with ranges between the least and most deprived areas wider than that of Scotland as a whole.

East Lothian has a solid flow of people continuing their education at further and higher education institutes, with numbers increasing. Modern apprenticeships have also proven to be a popular route into training and employment.



Summary:

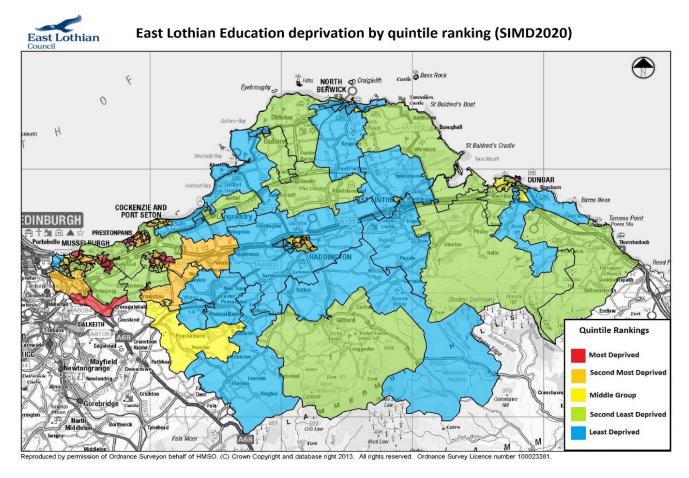
- 20 out of the 132 data zones in East Lothian fall within the 20% most education deprived areas in Scotland. 19 of these are in the west of the county in the TWM, PSG and Musselburgh wards.
- In 2020/21 The percentage of East Lothian children achieving the expected levels for Reading, Writing, Listening & Talking, Literacy and Numeracy (P1, P4 and P7 combined) was lower than the national average. There were also large differences across the SIMD quintiles within East Lothian.
- In 2020/21 East Lothian was below the national average for school leavers with 1+ award at levels 3, 4 and 5 or better, however for 1 + award at levels 6 & 7 or better it was above the national average.
- There were large differences in school leaver attainment across the SIMD quintiles, with the ranges between the least and most deprived areas wider than that of Scotland as a whole.
- The percentage of school leavers in East Lothian who achieved a positive destination has increased over the last 10 years to a level above the national average in 2020/21.
- The number of modern apprenticeships has been increasing despite a dip due to the impact of COVID 19 in 2020/21. The over 25 age group accounted for 34% of apprenticeships in 2021/22, compared to only 16% in 2016/17.
- Sport/Health & Social Care and Construction are the most popular modern apprenticeship groups. The majority of females enter Sport/Health & Social Care and males opt for Construction.
- The number of East Lothian students in Higher Education increased by 12.2% in 2020/21, with Full Time and Part Time study increasing by 8.6% and 21.2% respectively.

SIMD Education

The Scottish index of Multiple Deprivation (SIMD) 2020 Education domain is based on the following factors: school pupil attendance, school pupil performance, working age people with no qualifications, 17-21 year olds enrolling into full time higher education, school leavers aged 16-19 not in education, employment or training.

Figure 4.1 shows the Education deprivation in East Lothian by the SIMD 2020 Scottish quintile rankings. 20 data zones in East Lothian are in the 20% most educationally deprived in Scotland (17 in SIMD2016). 19 of the 20 data zones are located in the west of the county in the TWM, PSG and Musselburgh wards and one in Dunbar. The North Berwick Coastal and Haddington wards have no data zones in the most deprived quintile, whereas TWM has no data zones in the least deprived quintile.

Figure 4.1: East Lothian Education Deprivation by Scottish Quintile Ranking

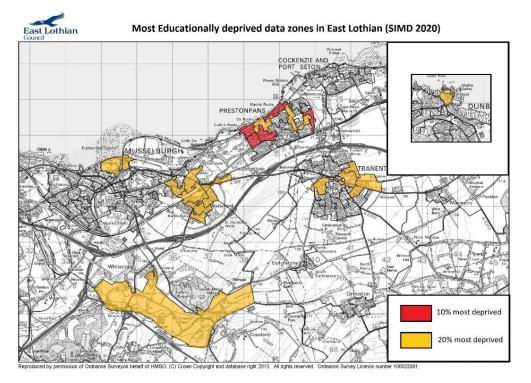


Figure, 4.2 shows the data zones in East Lothian that fall within the 10% and 20% most educationally deprived data zones in Scotland.

20 data zones in East Lothian are in the SIMD2020 20% most educationally deprived in Scotland (17 in SIMD2016). All of these data zone are in the west of the county, with the exception of one data zone in Dunbar.

5 data zones are in the 10% most educationally deprived, all of which are in the PSG ward. In 2016 there were also 5 data zones in the 10% most educationally deprived, 3 of which were in TWM and 2 in PSG.

Figure 4.2: East Lothian Education most Deprived Data zones.



School roll

Figure 4.3 shows that the combined figure for Primary and Secondary School pupils increased by 11.9% over the last 10 years, with primary schools increasing by 13.0% and secondary by 10.4%.

Primary school numbers have decreased by 1.2% over the last 2 years from a high of 8,661 in in 2018 to 8,557 in 2020.

Figure 4.3: Number of pupils enrolled in East Lothian primary and secondary (Scottish Government).

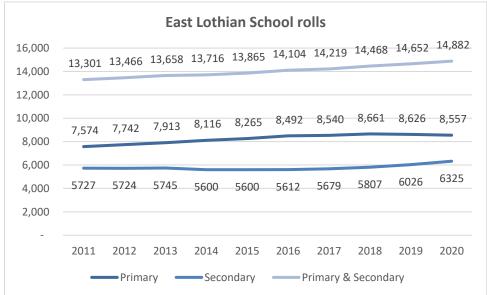


Table 4.1 shows that the number of P1 pupils has decreased by 7.8% from a 10 year high of 1,264 in 2016 to 1,166 in 2020, similar to the 2011 roll of 1,163.

Table 4.1: East Lothian Primary School roll by stage (Scottish Govt.)

| | 2011 | 2012 | 2013 | 2014 | 2015 | 2016 | 2017 | 2018 | 2019 | 2020 |
|-------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|
| P1 | 1163 | 1212 | 1226 | 1183 | 1222 | 1264 | 1196 | 1209 | 1177 | 1166 |
| P2 | 1163 | 1158 | 1218 | 1233 | 1188 | 1224 | 1275 | 1227 | 1220 | 1168 |
| Р3 | 1066 | 1164 | 1166 | 1231 | 1236 | 1197 | 1225 | 1280 | 1237 | 1239 |
| P4 | 1093 | 1071 | 1151 | 1171 | 1228 | 1248 | 1208 | 1234 | 1282 | 1242 |
| P5 | 1007 | 1090 | 1074 | 1149 | 1179 | 1234 | 1236 | 1228 | 1245 | 1274 |
| P6 | 1054 | 1005 | 1081 | 1069 | 1149 | 1182 | 1236 | 1244 | 1230 | 1248 |
| P7 | 1028 | 1042 | 997 | 1080 | 1063 | 1143 | 1164 | 1239 | 1235 | 1220 |
| Total | 7574 | 7742 | 7913 | 8116 | 8265 | 8492 | 8540 | 8661 | 8626 | 8557 |

Table 4.2 shows that overall over the last 10 years the number of secondary pupils has increased by 10.4% from 5,727 in 2011 to 6,325 in 2020. The number of S1 pupil has increased by 15.1% over the same period.

Table 4.2: East Lothian Secondary School roll by stage (Scottish Govt.)

| | 2011 | 2012 | 2013 | 2014 | 2015 | 2016 | 2017 | 2018 | 2019 | 2020 |
|------------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|
| S1 | 1056 | 994 | 1028 | 954 | 1038 | 1024 | 1106 | 1151 | 1221 | 1215 |
| S2 | 1030 | 1060 | 1003 | 1034 | 955 | 1053 | 1028 | 1104 | 1162 | 1226 |
| S3 | 1055 | 1032 | 1064 | 1004 | 1023 | 960 | 1051 | 1035 | 1103 | 1171 |
| S4 | 1095 | 1033 | 1018 | 1059 | 987 | 1027 | 952 | 1046 | 1027 | 1108 |
| S 5 | 851 | 925 | 909 | 879 | 925 | 851 | 880 | 812 | 916 | 900 |
| S6 | 640 | 680 | 723 | 670 | 672 | 697 | 662 | 659 | 597 | 705 |
| Total | 5727 | 5724 | 5745 | 5600 | 5600 | 5612 | 5679 | 5807 | 6026 | 6325 |

The projections in Figure 4.4 show that the primary school roll will reduce by 5.8% from 2021 to 2017, with secondary schools increasing by 1.1%,

giving a combined primary and secondary decrease of 4.5%. It should be noted that these projections do not take into account local policy such as housing developments.

The figures in Table 4.3 consider the impact of new housing, and are dependent on the housing developments going ahead as planned. They show an increase of 13% from 14,997 in 2021/22 to 16,946 in 2026/27 for the combined primary and secondary school rolls.

Figure 4.4: Pupil Projections for East Lothian 2022-2027 (Scottish Govt.)

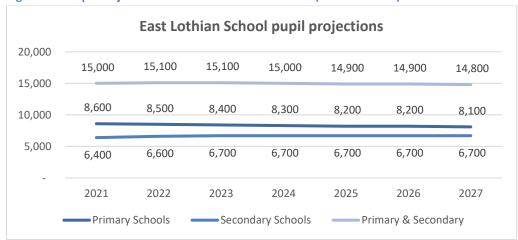


Table 4.3: Projected pupil (P1 to S6) rolls (School Roll Projections, East Lothian Council)

| | Sept-20 Census Roll | 2021/22 | 2022/23 | 2023/24 | 2024/25 | 2025/26 | 2026/27 |
|------------------|---------------------------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|
| Dunbar | 2407 | 2430 | 2453 | 2463 | 2426 | 2388 | 2361 |
| Haddington | 1845 | 1877 | 1971 | 2082 | 2245 | 2329 | 2375 |
| Musselburgh | 3177 | 3201 | 3338 | 3510 | 3717 | 3906 | 4014 |
| North Berwick | 2118 | 2175 | 2200 | 2243 | 2310 | 2320 | 2337 |
| Prestonpans | 2461 | 2457 | 2518 | 2608 | 2721 | 2801 | 2881 |
| Tranent | 2880 | 2857 | 2876 | 2952 | 2964 | 2968 | 2978 |
| East Lothian | 14888 | 14997 | 15356 | 15858 | 16383 | 16712 | 16946 |

Achievement of Curriculum of Excellence (CfE) levels

Achievement of Curriculum for Excellence (CfE) Level statistics provide information on performance in the reading, writing, listening & talking and numeracy 'organisers'. A pupil is deemed to have achieved the expected level in literacy if they have achieved the expected level in all of reading, writing and listening & talking.

Figure 4.6 shows that for P1,4 & 7 combined, the % achieving the expected levels, for Reading, Writing, Listening & Talking, Literacy and Numeracy was lower in East Lothian than for Scotland as a whole.

Figure 4.6: P1,4 & & Combined scores for Reading, Writing, Listening & Talking, Numeracy (Scottish Govt.)

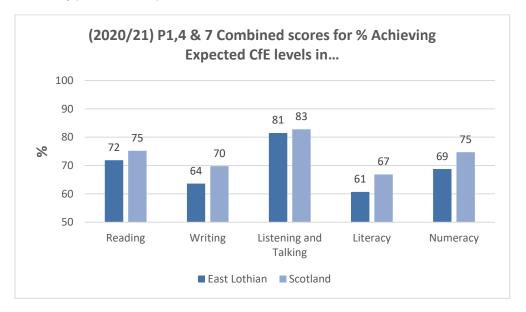


Figure 4.7 shows that the % achieving the expected level for Reading in East Lothian was lower than Scotland for the P1, P4 and P7 stages. The largest difference was at P7, with 71% achieving the expected level in East Lothian compared to 76% across Scotland.

Figure 4.7: % Achieving expected levels for Reading (Scottish Govt.)

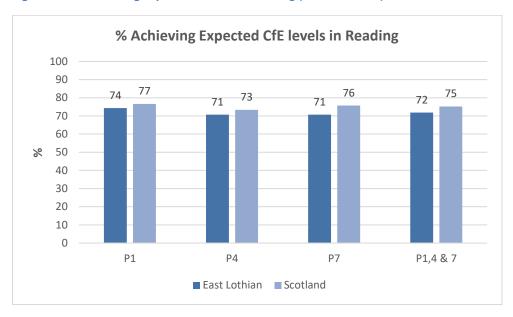


Figure 4.8 shows that the % achieving the expected level for Writing in East Lothian was lower than Scotland for the P1, P4 and P7 stages. East Lothian scored between 6% - 7% less than Scotland across all stages.

Figure 4.8: % Achieving expected levels for Writing (Scottish Govt.)

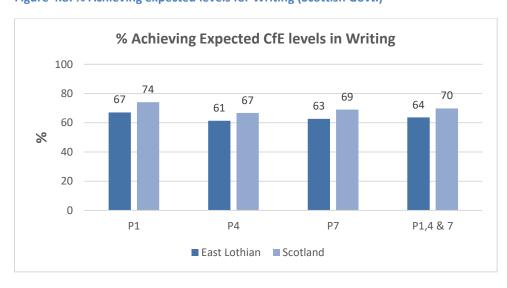


Figure 4.9 shows that the % achieving the expected level for Listening and Talking in East Lothian was higher than Scotland for the P1 stage, but lower for the P4 & P7 stages.

Figure 4.9: % Achieving expected levels for Listening and Talking (Scottish Govt.)

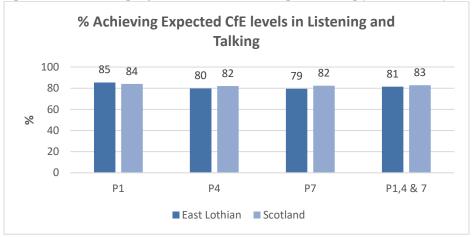


Figure 4.10 shows that the % achieving the expected level for Literacy in East Lothian was lower than Scotland for the P1, P4 and P7 stages. The largest difference was at P7, with 58% achieving the expected level in East Lothian compared to 66% across Scotland.

Figure 4.10: % Achieving expected levels for Literacy (Scottish Govt.)

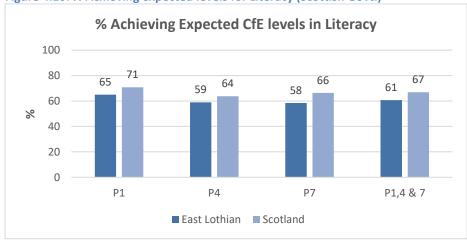


Figure 4.11 shows that the % achieving the expected level for Numeracy in East Lothian was lower than Scotland for the P1, P4 and P7 stages. East Lothian scored between 5% - 6% less than Scotland across all stages.

Figure 4.11: % Achieving expected levels for Numeracy (Scottish Govt.)

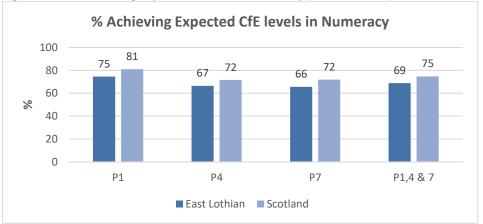
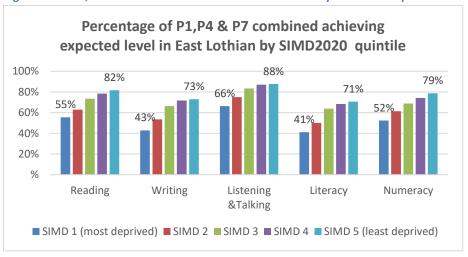


Figure 4.12 shows the P1, P4 & P7 combined scores in Eat Lothian by the overall SIMD 2020 quintile. The most deprived quintile scored 27% less for Reading, 30% less for Writing, 22% less for Listening & Talking, 30% less for Literacy and 27% less for numeracy, than the least deprived quintile.

Figure 4.12: P1, P4 & P7 combined scores in East Lothian by SIMD 2020 quintile



Attainment

The Scottish Credit and Qualifications Framework (SCQF) levels:

Level 7:- Advanced Higher Higher Grade at A-C

Level 6:- Higher at A-C

Level 5:- Intermediate 2 at A-C, National 5 at A-C, Standard Grade (Credit)

Level 4:- Intermediate 1 at A-C, National 4; Standard Grade (General)

Level 3:- Access 3; National 3; Standard Grade (Foundation)

Level 2:- Access 2; National 2

The results in this section will be affected by the **coronavirus (COVID-19)** pandemic. In particular, the **cancellation of exams and external assessment of coursework** in 2020, and the use of the Alternative Certification Model in 2021

Figure 4.13 shows that for 1+ award at levels 3, 4 and 5 or better East Lothian was below the national average, however for 1 + award at levels 6 & 7 or better it was above the national average.

Figure 4.13: Percentage of school leavers by highest SCQF level at which one or more passes were achieved (Scottish Govt.)

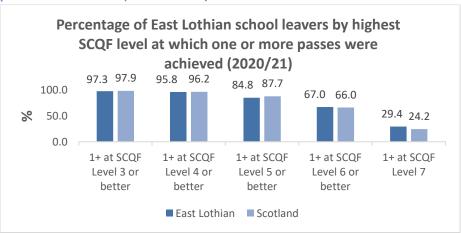


Figure 4.14 shows the percentage of East Lothian pupils leaving school with one or more pass at SCQF Level 5 or better has been below the Scottish average for the last 5 years.

Figure 4.14: Percentage of school leavers with one or pass at SCQF Level 5 or better (Scottish Govt.)

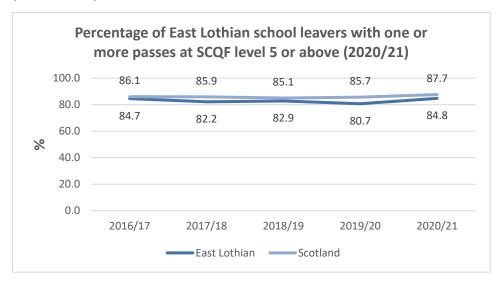


Figure 4.15 shows the percentage of East Lothian school leavers with one or pass at SCQF Level 6 or better has been higher than the Scottish average in 3 of the last 5 years.

For SCQF Level 7 the percentage of pupils leaving with one or pass in East Lothian has been above the Scottish average over the last 5 years.

As can be seen in Figure 4.16 there is a large difference in the attainment levels when measured against the SIMD 2020. There is a difference of 27.1% between the most and least deprived data zones for SCQF Level 5 or better, 44.1% for SCQF Level 6 or better, and 33.1% for Level 7.

Figure 4.15: Percentage of school leavers with one or pass at SCQF Level 6 or better, and Level 7 (Scottish Govt.)

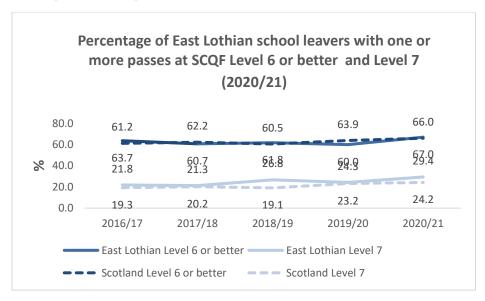


Figure 4.16: Percentage of school leavers (2020/21) with one or pass at SCQF Level 5 or better, Level 6 or better and Level 7 by SIMD2020 quintile (Scottish Govt.)

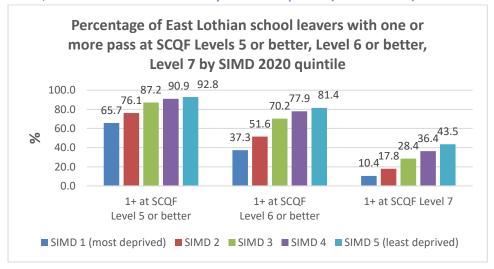


Table 4.4 shows, for the most deprived quintile, that the percentage of pupils in East Lothian gaining one or more award at SCQF Level 5 or better, Level 6 or better and Level 7 was lower than the Scottish average.

This was also the case for the least deprived quintile for Level 5 or better and Level 6 or better, however East Lothian was higher than Scotland for Level 7.

Table 4.4: Percentage of school leavers with one or pass at SCQF Level 5 or better, Level 6 or better and Level 7 by most and least deprived SIMD2020 quintile (Scottish Govt.)

| (2020/21) 1 or mo | (2020/21) 1 or more award at SCQF | | | | | |
|---------------------|-----------------------------------|-------------------------|-------------------------|------------|--|--|
| SIMD quintile | Area | Level 5 or better | Level 6 or better | Level 7 | | |
| · | East Lothian | 65.7 | 37.3 | 10.4 | | |
| SIMD most deprived | Scotland | 77.9 | 49.5 | 12.0 | | |
| SIMD least deprived | East Lothian | 92.8 | 81.4 | 43.5 | | |
| SIMD least deprived | Scotland | 96.1 | 83.9 | 41.2 | | |

The range of difference between the most and least deprived quintiles in East Lothian was larger in East Lothian when compared to Scotland. As can be seen in Table 4.5 the greatest difference was for Level 6 or better, with a range of 44.1% for East Lothian and 34.4% for Scotland.

Table 4.5: % Difference between most and least deprived areas (Scottish Govt.)

| Percentage points difference between most and least deprived quintiles (2020/21) | | | | |
|--|------|------|------|--|
| 1+ at SCQF | | | | |
| East Lothian | 27.1 | 44.1 | 33.0 | |
| Scotland | 18.2 | 34.4 | 29.2 | |

Figures 4:17 to 4:19 show the 5 year trends for the most and least deprived quintiles in East Lothian and Scotland at SCQF level 5 or better, level 6 or better and level 7. East Lothian in general falls below the Scottish averages with exception of the least deprived level 7.

Figure 4.17: % of School Leavers 1 or more pass SCQF level 5 or better (Scottish Govt.)

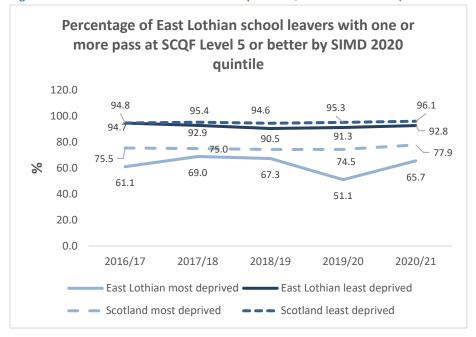


Figure 4.18: % of School Leavers 1 or more pass SCQF level 6 or better (Scottish Govt.)

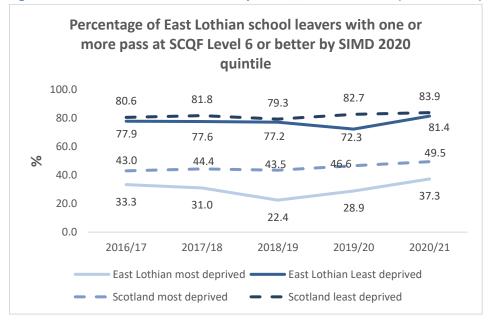
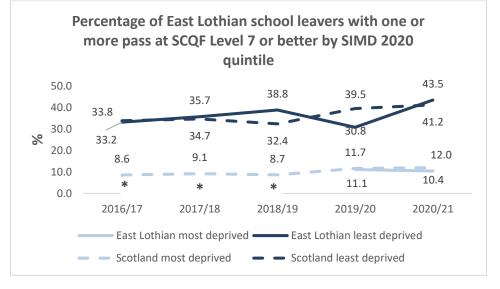


Figure 4.19: % of School Leavers 1 or more pass SCQF level 7 or better (Scottish Govt.)



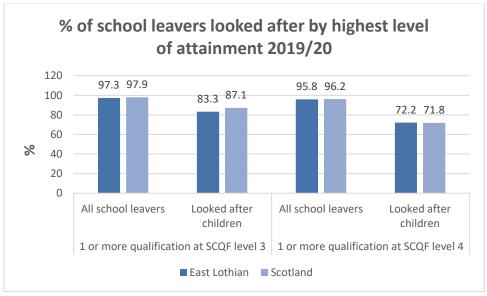
^{*} data suppressed for disclosure reasons.

Looked After Children

In 2019/20 there were 18 looked after children at SCQF level 3 or above. Figure 4.20 shows that the percentage of looked after children who achieve 1 or more passes at levels 3 and 4 or above is below the rate for all school leavers in both East Lothian and Scotland.

East Lothian's looked after children has similar scores to the overall Scottish average.

Figure 4.20: Percentage of Looked After Children who achieve 1 or more passes at levels 3 and 4 or above (Scottish Govt.)



School leaver destinations

School leavers are classed as a young person of school leaving age who left school during or at the end of the school year, where the school year is taken to run from 1 August to 31 July. Positive destinations are: higher education; further education; employment; training; activity arrangements; or voluntary work.

Figure 4.21 shows that the percentage of school leavers in East Lothian who achieved a positive destination has increased over the last 10 years to a level above the national average. The COVID 19 pandemic caused a dip in the 2019/20 positive destinations in East Lothian and Scotland.

Figure 4.21: Percentage of leavers going on to positive destinations (Scottish Govt.)

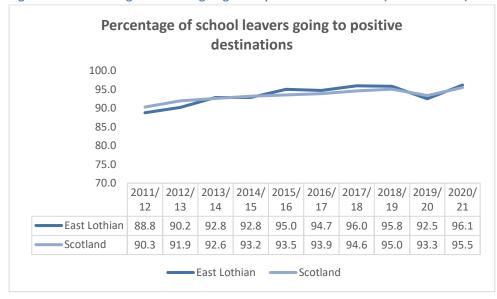


Figure 4.22 shows the breakdown by the type of positive destination. Higher Education has been the largest category over the last 10 years, with the figure rising to a 10 year high of 45.6% in 2020/21 after the COVID 19 pandemic. Conversely the Further Education figure reduced to a 10 year low of 18.3% in 202/21. Employment (28.3%) is the second highest destination.

Compared to Scotland East Lothian has the same percentage for Higher Education destinations, but is lower for Further Education and higher for Employment (Figure 4.23)

Figure 4.22: Percentage of leavers going on to positive destinations in East Lothian by destination type (Scottish Govt.)

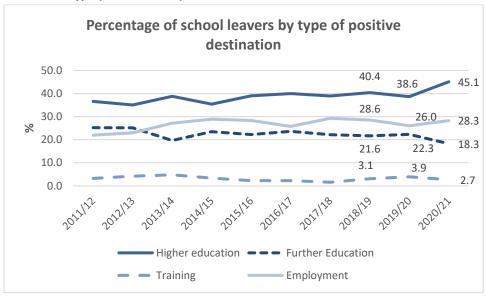
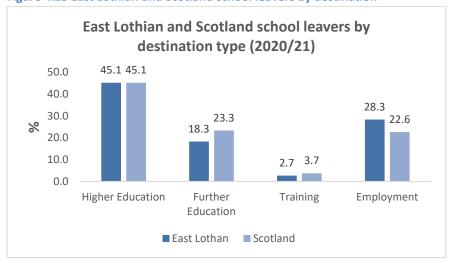


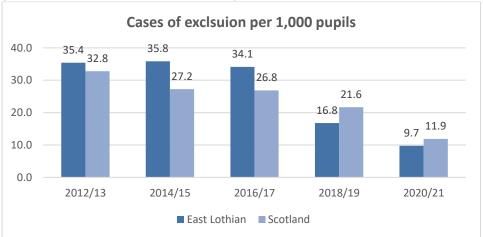
Figure 4.23 East Lothian and Scotland school leavers by destination



Exclusions

Figure 4.24 shows that when compared to Scotland the number of cases of exclusion had been higher for East Lothian from 2012/13 to 2016/17. However the number of cases reduced to below the national rate in 2018/19, before reducing again due to home schooling in 2020/21.

Figure 4.24: Rate of school exclusions per 1,000 pupils in East Lothian and Scotland (School Exclusion Statistics, Scottish Govt.)



As can be seen in Table 4.6 the rate of exclusion in secondary schools is far higher in secondary schools than in primary. In 2020/21 the East Lothian rate for primary schools was higher than the national average, but lower for secondary.

Table 4.6: Cases of exclusion per 1,000 pupils in East Lothian and Scotland (School Exclusion Statistics, Scottish Govt.)

| Cases of exclusion 2020/21 per 1,000 pupils | Primary | Secondary |
|---|---------|-----------|
| East Lothian | 4.6 | 16.7 |
| Scotland | 3.6 | 22.1 |

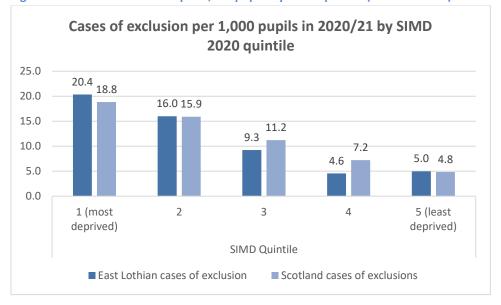
Table 4.7 shows that males account for the majority of exclusions, with an East Lothian rate of 13 cases of exclusions per 1,000 pupils for males, and only 6 for females.

Table 4.7: East Lothian exclusions by gender (School Exclusion Statistics, Scottish Govt.)

| | Cases of exclusion | Number of pupils excluded | Cases of exclusion per 1,000 pupils | Number of pupils excluded per 1,000 pupils |
|---------|--------------------|---------------------------|-------------------------------------|--|
| Males | 101 | 83 | 13 | 11 |
| Females | 44 | 35 | 6 | 5 |

Figure 4.25 shows the range of exclusions across the SIMD quintiles. There were 20.4 cases of exclusion in East Lothian's most deprived quintile compared to only in the least deprived quintile.

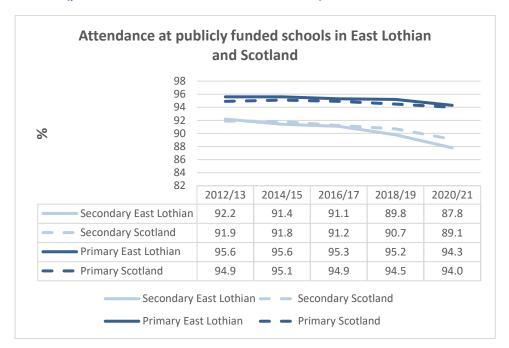
Figure 4.25: Case of exclusion per 1,000 pupils by SIMD quintile (Scottish Govt.)



Attendance

Figure 4.26 displays the attendance rates for primary and secondary schools in East Lothian and Scotland. Attendance has been decreasing in East Lothian and Scotland for primary and secondary schools since 2014/15. The largest decrease was in 2020/21 due to the impact of the COVID 19 pandemic. Primary school attendance in East Lothian has been better than the national average since 2012/13, and lower than the national average for secondary since 20141/5.

Figure 4.26: Attendance rates in primary and secondary schools in East Lothian and Scotland (public tableau school information dashboard).

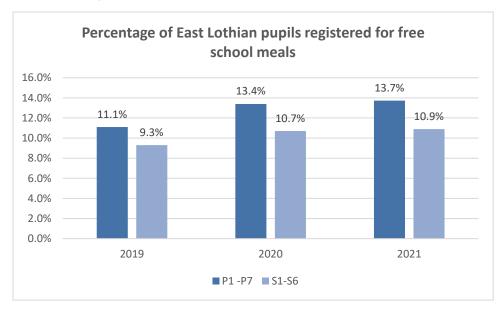


Free School Meals

All primary school P1 to P5 pupils are eligible for free school meals regardless of the household's financial position.

Fig 4.27 shows that percentage uptake for free school meals is greater in primary schools. Uptake for both primary and secondary school pupils has increased over the last 3 years.

Figure 4:27: Percentage of East Lothian pupils registered for free school meals (East Lothian Council)



Modern Apprenticeships

Modern Apprenticeships in Scotland are available for anyone aged 16 and over. Jobs can be advertised as Modern Apprenticeships and are suited to all sorts of industries. Provided there's a Modern Apprentice framework, every employee aged 16 to 24 is eligible for funding which contributes towards training. For those aged over 25, employers may have to contribute to the cost of training but funding is available.

552 people began apprenticeships in East Lothian during 2021/22 and 527 finished apprenticeships. Figure 4.28 shows the number of starters and leavers in East Lothian for the years 2016/17 to 2021/22. Between 2017/18 and 2018/19 there had been an increase of 19.2% starts and 20.5% leavers. The impact of COVID 19 resulted in a reduction in 2020/21, with numbers again increasing in 2021/22.

Figure 4.28: Number of people starting and number of leavers from Modern Apprenticeships in East Lothian (Skills Development Scotland)



Figure 4.29 shows that East Lothian and Scotland had similar rates of achievers between 2016/17 and 2020/21. In 2021/22 the percentage of modern apprentices who completed their apprenticeships fell by 9 percentage points (pp) in East Lothian and 4 pp in Scotland, the East Lothian rate of 68% was lower than the national rate of 72%.

Figure 4.29: Percentage of Modern Apprentices successfully completing the programme in East Lothian and Scotland (Skills Development).

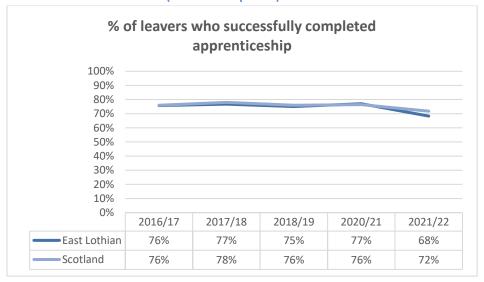


Fig 4.30 shows the number of people starting in East Lothian by year and by age group. In 2016 a change to the number of apprenticeship frameworks available to apprentices aged over 25 has seen a steady increase in this age group which accounted for 34% of all apprenticeships in 2021/22 compared to 16% in 2016/17.

Fig 4.30: Number of people starting Modern Apprenticeships in East Lothian by year and by age (Skills Development Scotland).

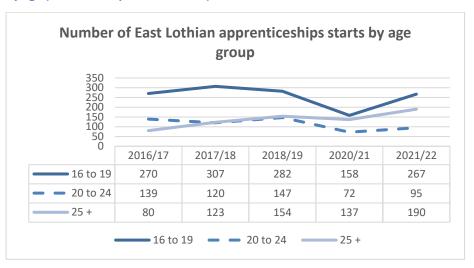


Figure 4.31 compares the modern apprenticeship starts by age group in East Lothian and Scotland. 25 and over is now the largest age group in Scotland, and 16 to 19 is the largest in East Lothian.

Fig 4.31 (Skills Development Scotland)

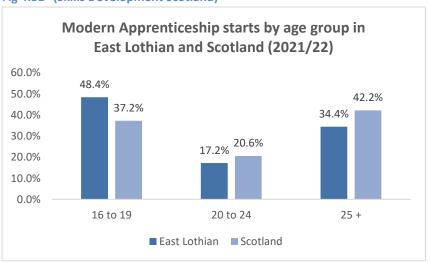


Fig 4.32 shows that in East Lothian, Sport Health & Social Care (34.9%) was the highest occupational group for modern apprentices in 2020/21, this was far higher than the 26.2% across Scotland as a whole. Construction Related was the highest group in Scotland (27.0%) higher than the 24.3% for East Lothian. However Modern Apprenticeships are not allocated on a local authority basis, but respond to employer demand and policy priorities.

Fig 4.32: Modern Apprenticeships by industry (Skills Development Scotland).

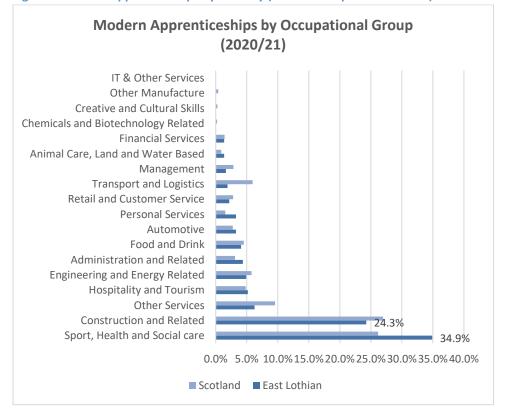


Table 4.8 shows that in 2021/22 males accounted for 52.5% of apprenticeships in East Lothian and 60.8 % in Scotland. The 47.5% figure for East Lothian females was the 3rd highest in Scotland, and will likely be

due to the higher proportion of Sport, Health and Social Care apprenticeships in East Lothian, which are the preferred choice for females as shown in Fig 4.33.

Table 4.8: Modern Apprenticeships by gender (Skills Development Scotland).

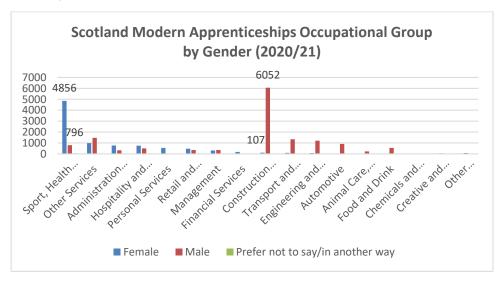
| | | | Prefer not to say/in another |
|--------------|--------|-------|------------------------------|
| 2021/22 | Female | Male | way |
| East Lothian | 47.5% | 52.5% | 0.0% |
| Scotland | 38.6% | 60.8% | 0.6% |

Fig 4.33 shows the number of modern apprenticeships in Scotland categorised by industry type and gender.

Sport, Health and Social Care was the most popular choice for females with 52.3% (4,856) of females opting for this category compared to 5.6% (796) of males.

Construction was the most popular choice for males with 42.3% (6,052) choosing this category, compared to only 1.2% (107) of females.

Fig 4.33: Modern Apprenticeships by industry type and gender (Skills Development Scotland).



Further & Higher Education

Fig 4.34 shows the number of East Lothian students in Higher and Further Education. The overall combined figure for Further and Higher Education show an increase of 17.3% in 2018/19 from the previous year due to a large increase in those attending Further Education. The overall figure remained similar in 2019/21 before reducing by 9.1% in 2020/21, despite an increase in those attending Higher Education. The 2020/21 decrease in Further Education was due to a large reduction in enrolment of Under 19s (Fig 4.35).

Figure 4.36 shows the Further Education student roll by gender. Between 2016/17 and 2019/20 the female roll increased by 47.3% compared to an increase of 17.8% for males. There was a 22% reduction for both males and females in 2020/21.

Figure 4.34: Number of East Lothian students in Further and Higher Education (Scottish Funding Council/HESA).

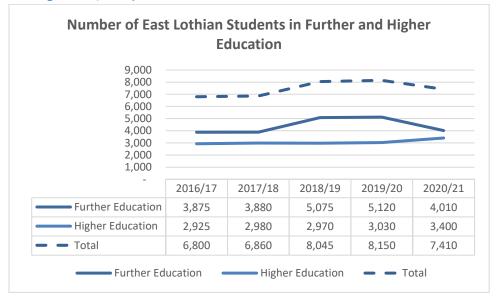


Figure 4.35: East Lothian Students at FE Colleges by Age (Scottish Funding Council)

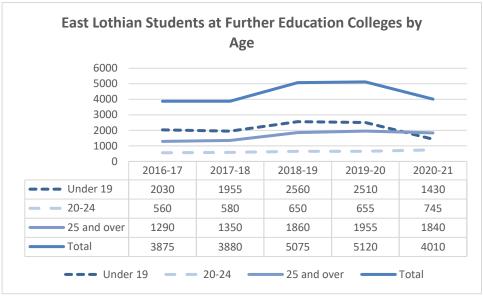


Figure 4.36: East Lothian Students at FE Colleges by Gender (Scottish Funding Council)

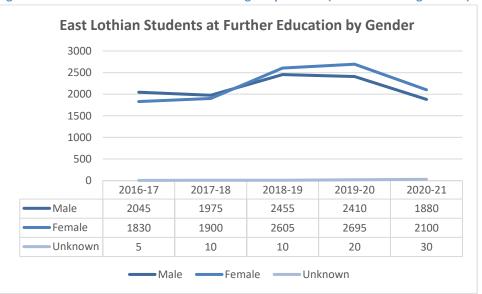
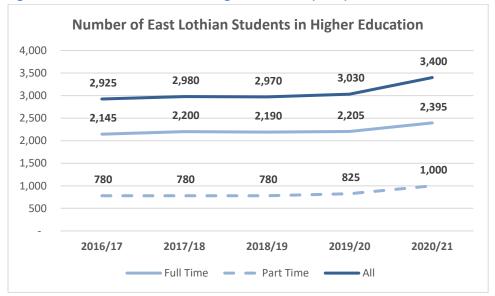


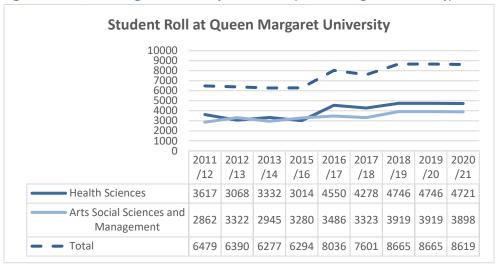
Figure 4.37 shows the number of East Lothian students in Higher Education by mode of study. Full Time and Part Time showed increases of 8.6% and 21.2% respectively to give an overall increase of 12.2% in 2020/21, higher than the 7.9% national increase. Figures for gender are unavailable for East Lothian, however 57% of Higher Education students in Scotland were female in 2020/21.

Figure 4.37: East Lothian Students at Higher Education (HESA)



East Lothian has been home to Queen Margaret University since 2007/08. Figure 4.38 shows that the overall student roll increased in 2016/17, mainly due to a large increase in the number of students studying Health Sciences. Of the 8,619 students in 2020/21, 43.7% were from Scotland, 7.7% from the rest of the UK, 36% from Europe and 12% from outside Europe.

Figure 4.38: Queen Margaret University student roll (Queen Margaret University).

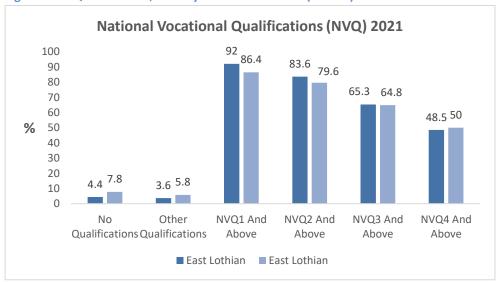


(no figures are available for 2014/15)

Qualifications

Figure 4.39 displays the highest level of quailification that is held by people of working age in East Lothian and Scotland.

Figure 4.39: Qualifications, January to December 2021 (NOMIS)



Sources

In preparing this profile every attempt has been made to use the most recent information publically available for each theme. The information has come from a variety of external sources as well as internal council services. Sources include:

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|--|--|
| Government) | 2020-21 - gov.scot (www.gov.scot) |
| | Pupil+Projections+2022-2027+for+Scotland+and+Local+Authorities+-+2018- |
| Education Analytical Services Scottish Government | 2020+based.docx (live.com) |
| East Lothian Council Education Service | |
| | |
| Education Outcomes for Looked After Children | |
| (Scottish Government) | Education Outcomes for Looked After Children – 2019/20 - gov.scot (www.gov.scot) |
| Higher Education Statistics Agency (HESA) | Where do HE students come from? HESA |
| Modern Apprenticeships Skills Development Scotland | Modern Apprenticeships Skills Development Scotland |
| | Labour Market Profile - Nomis - Official Census and Labour Market Statistics |
| NOMIS | (nomisweb.co.uk) |
| Queen Margaret University | Facts and Figures Queen Margaret University (qmu.ac.uk) |
| | https://www.gov.scot/collections/school-education- |
| School education statistics (Scottish Government) | statistics/#summarystatisticsforschoolsinscotland |
| School exclusion statistics (Scottish Government) | School exclusion statistics - gov.scot (www.gov.scot) |
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| Summary Statistics for Attainment and Initial Leaver | Summary Statistics for Attainment and Initial Leaver Destinations, No. 4: 2022 |
| Destinations | Edition, released on 22nd February 2022 |
| Tableau Public School Information Dashboard | School Information Dashboard - Primary Tableau Public |
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East Lothian by Numbers

A Statistical Profile of East Lothian

4. Education and Lifelong Learning

Draft 2022



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